A. L. Bancroft
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The Yolo Democrat.

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The Yolo Democrat.

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WM. SAUNDERS,

Editor and Proprietor.

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—AND—

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Clocks, Gents' and Ladies' Gold Watches, American and Swiss Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Rings, Pins, Bracelets, Earrings, etc.

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Agent in Woodland for the Florence Sewing Machine.

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Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.

AGENCY OF THE

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

se5-3m

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A. S. HOUSE, : Proprietor,

Cor. Main and First streets,

WOODLAND,

YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

A. S. HOUSE, has taken the Capital Hotel on his own hands, the lease of Messrs. Eaton & Burns having expired, and will in future give his entire attention to its management, and it is his determination that it shall be kept in first-class style. The house has been

Renovated Throughout,

And being a three-story brick building affords ample accommodations for a large number of transient guests, as well as regular boarders.

The rooms are well ventilated, en suit or single, well furnished and cleanly.

The Table will be supplied with the best the market affords. Board by the day or week at reasonable rates.

Free Bus to and from the railroad on the arrival of trains. se19-3m

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BUSH STREET,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANSOME,

Adjoining the New Mercantile Library,

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TERMS: $2 *PER DAY.*

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PROPRIETORS.

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CRAFT HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

FRANK FRARY, Proprietor.

Everything new and modern in style. The table will be furnished with the best in the market. Meals will be furnished and the house kept

On the European Plan.

The proprietor is a successful caterer to the public wants, and will give entire satisfaction to all who favor the Craft Hotel with their patronage.

Terms Reasonable.

☞ Free conveyance to and from the cars. se19-tf

CHANGED HANDS!

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL

Has changed proprietors. FURNISS & BEMIS will run this hotel

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN!

Furniss, who is well and favorably known throughout the county as a first-class hotel man, will personally superintend the Dining Room and Cooking Department, and assures his guests that no pains will be spared in making this the most pleasant hotel in Woodland.

oc3-3m FURNISS & BEMIS.

WM. TELL RESTAURANT

AND

LODGING HOUSE.

Board and Lodging $6 per week. Single rooms 50 cents per night.

Every attention will be paid to the patrons of this House, and the cooking will be under the immediate supervision of the proprietor.

Best French Claret and California Wines, Cigars, etc., etc.

au29-3m HENRY RICKER.

JAMES JOHNSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

AND

COURT COMMISSIONER FOR YOLO CO.

Office up stairs, in the Bank building, Woodland. no8-3m

DR. B. H. PEIRSON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office a few doors east of the Postoffice, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. no8-3m

DR. R. D. HARKNESS,

HOMEOPATHIST AND VISITING PHYSICIAN,

May be found day or night at his rooms in the Craft House, when not engaged out professionally. Consultations held in Craft House Parlors. Disease treated by specific medication without the injurious action of mercury and other drug poisons. Diseases of Women and Children a specialty. oc17-3m

DR. E. L. PARRAMORE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located at Woodland, Yolo County. Calls promptly attended to. Leave orders at Simpson's Drug Store. oc10-3m

FROST & BUSH,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Bank Building, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. Attend to all business of the profession. Particular attention given to Land cases, Conveyancing, Settlement of Estates of deceased persons, etc. oc10-3m

T. F. EATON,

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT,

Will attend to collecting notes, accounts, etc., in Woodland and throughout Yolo County at reasonable rates. All business entrusted to him will be puomptly attended to, and ample security given if desired. Office at City Livery Stable, opposite Exchange Hotel, Woodland, Cal. se20-3m

DR. G. W. ZIMMERMAN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Has relocated in Cacheville, Yolo county, for the practice of his profession. Will attend calls at all hours when not professionally engaged. se19-3m

J. C. BALL,

DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY,

Office at the Court House (first floor), Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. se19-3m

J. LAMBERT,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Office: Masonic Block, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. se19-3m

DR. A. FOUCH,

PHYSICIAN AND OBSTETRICIAN,

Is permanently located in Knight's Landing, Yolo County.

RESIDENCE—N.E. Cor. of Fourth and R.R. streets—(house formerly occupied by Dr. Mitchel.)

☞ Orders left at Glasscock's Drug Store will receive prompt attention. se19-3m

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE—In Odd-Fellows' Block, corner of First and Main streets, Woodland.

RESIDENCE—Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. se12-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, over Nickleburg's store. Residence, Front street, immediately west of College Chapel. se12-3m

M. GARDNER, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal; now located at Davisville, Cal. se12-3m

P. H. SIBLEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office three doors east of Postoffice, Woodland. Will attend to any business in all the Courts of this State, and any other business pertaining to the profession. se12-3m

ARMSTRONG & HINKSON,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Office, Fifth street, between I and J, adjoining Sacramento Savings Bank, SACRAMENTO. [3m se12]

GILES E. SILL,

NOTARY PUBLIC & INSURANCE AGENT,

Office in Odd Fellows' Block, (second story,) cor. Main and First Sts., Woodland. se12

REMOVAL.

PRATHER & PLOMTEAUX,

DENTISTS,

Have removed to their new rooms in Odd Fellows' Block, cor. Main and First streets. Office Hours—8 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M. se5

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Office No. 1, Odd Fellows' Block, Woodland, California.

☞ LOANS NEGOTIATED on good security at low rates of interest. se5-3m

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DENTAL ROOMS, BANK BUILDING, MAIN ST

(Over Frost & Bush's Law Office.)

Dental Surgery in all cases skillfully performed. Diseases of the mouth and offensive breath cured. Mechanical Dentistry done in the best style of the art. Teeth Extracted without Pain. All Operations Warranted. au29-3m

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Fifth street, bet. I and J, Sacramento. In Office with Armstrong & Hinkson. au15

STERLING G. HARPER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office in Odd Fellows' Building, Woodland, Cal. au15-3m

BANK OF WOODLAND.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Capital Stock $500.000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
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C. W. BUSH.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral Security.

Discount days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Exchange Furnished on Sacramento, San Francisco, and Eastern and European Cities.

Collections promptly attended to at all available points.

☞ County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge. se5

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To Loan on approved Real Estate security, by

Geo. D. Fiske & Co.,

no16-tf Masonic Block.

The Deathless Democracy.

It is amusing to us, says the San Francisco *Examiner* of the 8th, who never had faith in the miserable subterfuges of new departures and passivness, and who always proclaimed the inexhaustible vitality of the Democratic party, to note the changed tone of our Radical contemporaries since the late election. No more gaseous emanations about the dried bones of the old party, which has just given such lively manifestations. The *Alta California* (a staunch Republican) of yesterday, had the following mournful reflections on this subject:

The Eastern elections have one very plain meaning: the Democratic party is not dead. It thought a year ago that it was; after calling to Greeley to save it and he failed, there was a general impression that it was past hope. In this State the Dolly Vardens supposed they could rise on its ruins, and such men as J. H. Hardy, of San Francisco, Col. Hatch, of Colusa, James Johnson, formerly of El Dorado, now of Yolo, and a number of others who had been active in Democratic harness, and working for many years, became zealous purifiers. The end justified their policy, for the Republican majority was overthrown. The Democrats now hold the balance of power in both branches of the Legislature; and they expect that most of the Republicans who bolted this year will vote their ticket in 1875.

We see no indication in the East of a third party. Most of the States have gone Democratic; and others have given reduced Republican majorities. In October there was no Dolly Varden movement in Pennsylvania, Ohio or Indiana; in November there was none in New York, Massachusetts, Virginia, Wisconsin or Minnesota. In Iowa the Potato Bugs united with the Democrats; in California, their sympathizers, the Dolly Vardens acted independently.

The causes of political revolution are not hidden. They are plainly discoverable in the Credit Mobilier, the Back Pay, the carpet-bag frauds, the blundering management of the national finances, and the corruption of Congress. Our political system is so defective that after a party has been long in power, it accumulates upon itself such a mass of infamy that the people want a change at any price. Many Republican newspapers pretend that their officials have more honesty than the Democrats, but every man of impartial judgment will refuse to decide between such rival enormities as those of Tammany and the carpet-baggers.

We do not regret the restoration of the Democracy to hope and formidable power. If the Republicans must be beaten, we would see the old party carry off the laurels and the spoils, with much more satisfaction than the triumph of such miserable falsifiers and demogogues as the Dolly Vardens have shown themselves to be. The general sentiment in honorable warfare, is always that the triumph of an open enemy is more welcome than that of a traitor. Fortune is variable in politics as well as in military struggles, and she has decided against the Republican party.

A STRONG POINT.—The San Francisco *Post* makes the following strong point in discussing the Baehr suit: According to the evidence brought out in this trial, Mr. Baehr has been knowingly filing away in the archives of the State documents that on their face were fraudulent. They purport to be vouchers, each showing the payment of a specific sum to a specific individual, and what they state is not true. These vouchers are required to correspond with the entries of cash paid in the books, therefore, either the vouchers do not agree with the entries, or, if they do, the entries are false. Whether the vouchers only lie, or whether both the vouchers and the books lie, we do not know, but we know so much that if Mr. Baehr were the Teller of any bank, the Secretary of any company, or the Cashier of any private firm, he would have been suspended from office on the first confirmation of the suspicions of integrity. The case against the State Treasurer is, however, stronger than it would be against a private delinquent. The law makes this dickering with salaries by an officer a felony. It does not matter whether Schwab made a corrupt agreement with Mr. Baehr or not. The State expects its officers to discharge their duties not only honestly but according to law. The State further expects, and his oath requires, the Governor of the State to take cognizance of all such matters. However unpleasant it may be to bring the law to bear upon a colleague of Baehr's standing, duty requires it; and neither social nor political reasons can stand in the way of duty without tarnishing the Governor's fame and making him *particeps criminis*."

We call the attention of the Governor's friends to this forcible statement, not so much because we anticipate that the Governor will do his duty in the premises, as for the purpose of forestalling any disposition on his part to plead the Baby Act in this case also. False vouchers is an ugly phrase, but if an official places on record the documentary evidence of a payment which has not been made as vouched, the ugly phrase is the correct phrase, and no other will fitly characterize the act.—*Sac. Record.*

"THANK YOU."—What music is there in these words when uttered by a pretty woman? They touch a man's heart-strings as the fingers of some fairy musician touch the strings upon his. "Thank you!" she says, and you are happy. Perhaps the favor extended has been only slight—no inconvenience—no trouble to you—a mere exhibition of politeness on your part. You look up, a radiant smile beams upon you—a bright twinkle of the eye, and the lips upon like the unfolding of a rose, and the words "thank you" drop from their pearly recesses. Those words are more sweet to you than honey, more precious than the wealth of India. Reader should you ever see a lady in need of your courtesy, extend it to her—be kind and good as you would to your sister—and if you look for your reward you will find it in her "thank you!"

IN an article on "Northern California," in *Harper's Magazine* for November, Nordhoff says: "The day is not far distant when the great Sacramento plain will be a vast orchard, and the unoccupied foothills will furnish a large part of the raisins consumed in the United States."

The Bible.

[From the Universalist.]

The literature of that little Judean band, done up in so small a compass often that your vest pocket can carry the whole of it, has a wider, deeper, more helpful influence on the world than all the literature beside. It does more to elevate, to cheer, to bless. Think of the countless persons who daily read it, and with a prayerful reverence that lays them open to its rich impressions. The sick call for it. The dying cling to it as to an anchor. Sorrow communes with it, and finds a consoling light shining to illuminate its tears. The pilgrim in the wilderness and desert wipes the dust from its pages and refreshes himself from the fountain of its grace. The sailor carries it to sea, the soldier into battle, the explorer to the virgin soil he discovers; and each deems it a link that, amid the perils of the time, securely ties the soul to things eternal. The sun, in all its far circuit, sets not from its gleaming page. Half of Christendom are named with its cherished names—Jacob, Joseph, David and John, Elizabeth and Mary—and show forth that they have also been invested with its spirit. Its terms are used to bless the new-born babe; its precepts and spirit to train the growing child; the mother puts it into the hands of the young man as he goes out from the old home, who lives by its spirit, walks by its counsels, resists temptation by its power, gets a good name and fame by being its true disciple, grows old in the joy of its hope, and dies easy and content in the triumphs of its faith; whilst a tombstone, bearing some significant text, tells where his ashes repose. To the poor it is riches, and to the rich it is superior wealth. It tells of God, and is full of foregleams of a better country. If to a single soul, then to millions, it has been and is all this, and time but develops the stores of its higher wisdom and purer influence.

Number of Eggs that a Hen Can Lay.

We copy the following item, which has been for a long time, going the rounds of the agricultural press, showing how little scientific attention has been ordinarily bestowed upon the subject of poultry keeping:

It has been ascertained that the ovarium of a fowl is composed of 600 ovules or eggs; therefore a hen, during the whole course of her life, cannot possibly lay more that 600 eggs, which, in the natural course, are distributed over nine years in the following proportion:

First year after birth	.....	16 to 20
Second	do	100 to 120
Third	do	120 to 135
Fourth	do	100 to 115
Fifth	do	60 to 80
Sixth	do	50 to 60
Seventh	do	35 to 40
Eighth	do	15 to 20
Ninth	do	1 to 10

It follows that it would not be profitable to keep hens after their fourth year, as their produce will not pay for their keeping, except when they are a valuable and scarce breed.

To begin with, we may doubt the possibility of making any accurate count of the number of ovisacs in the ovaries, or of affirming that no new ones make their appearance out of minute germs or cells in the course of the life of the hen.

In the next place, such a limitation must have reference to the actual constitution of the fowl, and this either in its wild or tame condition. If to the former, the number of ovisacs, even if definitely ascertained, can have no connection whatever with the real habit of the hen, since she lays in a wild state only as many eggs as she can cover; if to the tame fowl, it is strange to find so definite a rule laid down for an animal that is, in so many points, constantly being remade.—*The Poultry World.*

SUN AND WATER.—Water is the great mechanical power in nature. It is the great leveler; it moves mountains and fills valleys. All our stratified rocks, sandstones, slates, and limestones were formed by the action of water. To the solvent power of water and its chemical action we owe our useful minerals, our metalic deposits, our iron, copper, zinc, gold and silver ores, and even coal. To its physical properties—its relations to heat—we owe all the phenomena of clouds, dew, rain, fog, snow and frost. It supports the plants, and brings them their mineral food from the soil and protects them from excessive heat. Animals are equally dependent on it. Yet after all, it is only the agent of the sun; it it the sun power that makes plants grow; it is the sun power that moves everything in the world, and water is merely the sun's agent. The loss of water would produce the same condition of things on earth that we notice now in the moon. Although we have such a vast quntity of water, yet it is only 1-240,000th part of the earth or 00.042 per cent. The crystalline rocks at the earth's surface now contain a larger quantity of water than this, and the moment our earth cools enough to absorb four-thousandths of one per cent. of moisture, the ocean will disappear. If we should lose our atmosphere also, the openings or pores in the rocks will receive it by gravitation. —*Boston Journal of Chemistry.*

TULARE LAKE.—We spent all of last week on and about Tulare Lake. This is a beautiful sheet of water. The open water of the lake, beyond the tule swamps, is probably now between fifty and sixty miles in length and about forty miles in width. It has increased in size greatly since the floods of 1862 and ,67. The lake is very deep out near the middle, having been sounded in many places to a depth of sixty feet without getting bottom. The water away from the shore is clear and cold and as pure and sweet as any in the world. We sailed entirely across the center of the lake from north to south, in Captain Skagg's boat, camping at various places on the western shore on our return. There are thousands of swans, geese, ducks, pelicans and divers other kinds of water-fowl on its bosom. We killed a fair number. There are also wild horses and antelope on the west shore. No accurate map of Tulare lake has every been issued. The soil around the lake is as good as can be found in California, and in time will support a dense population.—*Tulare Times.*

IN Massachusetts and Connecticut the financial crisis has caused the suspension of more manufacturing establishments, and thrown several hundred people out of work.

Irrigation in Yolo and Solano.

We learn that work on the Clear Lake Water Company's ditch is being pushed forward with vigor under the superintendence of Mr. Rose. We learn that it is the intention of the company to convey the water of the lake along the coast range of Yolo and Solano counties as far as Suisun, by which means an immense body of land can be irrigated. From information gathered from one of the corporators, we learn that the water will be taken from Cache Creek, at a point some forty-five miles above Woodland. If this be true, the water would be lifted from the creek a few miles above the upper end of Capay Valley. The flume in which the water will be taken from the creek to the hill side will be fourteen feet wide by five feet deep. It will require three pieces or stretches of flume to convey the waters on to good ditching ground. One of these stretches will be three hundred feet, another two hundred, and the third but little less. This of itself is quite an undertaking where all the lumber has to be shipped from Woodland, the nearest point where the railroad can be reached. A large number of Chinamen are now at work, engaged in digging the main body of the ditch. We understand that the proposed ditch, with its various arms, will cost three or four millions. We hear it stated also that the ultimate object of the company is to convey the waters of the lake to San Francisco, but hardly think this information correct. The waters of the lake we consider hardly fit for that purpose, and probably the intention of the company is to use the ditch for irrigation alone. If this is completed a vast amount of land which now is of little use about every other season, will be rendered fertile at all times. It will, in a measure, revolutionize the system of farming now practiced in the section through which it will pass. In the place of fields of grain alone, the eye will be gladdened with the sight of fields of alfalfa, cotton, corn, sugar beets, and all kinds of vegetables and fruits, and fat cattle, sheep and hogs will be plenty on every farm, instead of the few lean kine now kept in the grain growing localities. This change is to be desired, for it will greatly enhance the prosperity of the farmers, who now depend on one crop alone, and that an uncertain one. We learn, too, that a party is engaged in building a dam near the old Adobe, about twenty miles below the flume of the Ditch Company. At this point a ditch will be taken on each side of the creek, the northern one watering the lands of Hungry Hollow, Cacheville, and the lands on that side of the creek to the Sacramento river. The one taken out on the southern side will irrigate the lands in the lower part of Capay Valley, Cottonwood, Buckeye and the lands between these places and that watered by the Woodland ditch. In conversation with G. W. Scott, of Cottonwood, we learn that the farmers of that locality desire water for the purpose of raising alfalfa for their stock. They care but little for it for grain, believing that deep summer fallowing will insure a crop in the dryest season, but there is land in that section which would be the better for irrigation almost any season. We congratulate the farmers on the prospect of there being a probability that henceforth they will be in no danger from loss by reason of droughts which at certain seasons destroy their prospects for the season in which they occur.—*Sac. Record.*

LOTTERIES FOR CHURCH PURPOSES. Let no unholy means be employed to secure money for religious work; no such thing as lotteries, raffings or gambling of any kind; none of those things which ought not to be so much as named among you as becometh saints. We desire to build churches, and to send out missionaries of our holy religion; we do not so need to do either as to justify us in beginning by subverting alike both religion and morality. If we build churches at all, we wish to build *Christian* churches. When an honored chief-justice of the commonwealth, not of the Church's communion, deems it necessary to charge the grand jury to indict those persons who are guilty of promoting lotteries for religious ends, and when pagan rulers in Japan have need to warn Christian missionaries that the laws of that realm do not permit such immoral practices as this, one almost feels moved to speak plainly. But I will not do so now. If they have erred in this among us, heretofore, I am sure it was through thoughtlessness only, and because so many good people have given countenance to the wrong. I merely wish to make the request, which I know will be heeded, that in my diocese such a thing as a Church lottery, or aught akin to it, may never again be so much as named.—*Bishop Niles' Convention Address.*

THE LAST HAIL-STORM.—From Captain Thomas, of the ship Powhattan, which arrived in this port on the 3d instant from Buenos Ayres, we learn the following particulars of a severe hail-storm which he encountered when off the Rio de la Plata, which we think is ahead of all previous efforts reported. When the hail-stones, or more properly speaking, the lumps of ice fell on the deck, everyone was driven below, except the man at the wheel, over whom the spanker was lowered to protect him from the fallen ice. It was at midnight, with the ship under short sail breasting a southeast gale, that this sudden deluge of hail stones fell on the decks of the Powhattan. Captain Thomas, after the hail had ceased falling, picked up a number of the lumps of ice, and found several which measured four and three-quarters (4¾) of an inch in circumference. The stones fell so thick and fast that the men were driven from the deck. The hail storm did not last more than five minutes, but long enough to half fill her decks with ice balls, which were thrown overboard in a hurry by the crew as the weight was immense for a deck load.

A DIXON, KY., editor comes out strong against hogs in that town. He says they annoy him every day in the week by rooting down his back steps, and on Sunday they annoy him by scrubbing their backs against the floor timbers of the church.

THE forests of the Northwest are rapidly falling before the woodman's ax. The amount of lumber run out of the Cass, Au Gres and Saginaw rivers, in Michigan, this season, is about 215,000,000 feet, and out of the Rifle booms 60,000,000 feet.

The Eastern Elections.

The Sacramento *Record*, is a thoroughly Republican journal, but not so benumbed by its partisan prejudices as to depreciate the importance of the recent Democratic victories. It utters no bosh about its being an "off" year, for it sees fast enough that its party is considerably further off this year from victory than ever before. It says:

The returns from the Eastern elections are not yet sufficiently full to justify the statement of absolute conclusions, but there is one fact already beyond doubt, and it is very significant. Almost everywhere the chief gains have been made by the Democracy, despite the persistent assertions of the Dolly Varden press that the Democratic party was dead. That is a very lively political corpse which carries the State of New York by 20,000 majority, in the teeth of a Dolly Varden movement and internal dissensions. Gov. Dix had a majority of 50,000 in that State. That has been swept away altogether, and 20,000 at the back of it. Coming on the heels of the Ohio election this event certainly leaves little room for boasting over the death of the Democracy. An almost similar result appears to have been reached in Wisconsin. The Republican candidate for Governor there was particularly sound on the anti-monopoly issue, but the Democrats, who, of course, chanted the same tune, were enabled to defeat him by what threatens to be a considerable majority. And there is another fact in regard to these elections which has a special significance, namely, that in nearly every instance where so-called anti-monopolist success has been had, the elected candidates are old Democrats. The Democratic press, as a matter of course, claims these victories as party ones, and they are, for all practical purposes, precisely that. The effect of them upon the situation of the country is that of a tide of Democratic victory. The anti-monopoly issue is but an incident of the struggle, and when the smoke clears away it will be found that it has served merely to increase the number of Democratic officials. It will easily be seen that this leaven of anti-monopoly, professing independence, but all the time sustaining the Democracy, may before long overturn the political position, and that if that is reached the result will be, not the substitution of an independent party, but the complete restoration of the Democracy. The madness of the idea that the Democracy was moribund has now received its final demonstration, and those who have thought it possible to elevate to power a third party will be compeled to reconsider their conclusions.

THE DEMOCRATIC CREED.—At a recent meeting in New York, a speaker said a great party, like a great church, must have some creed of cardinal faith to make it distinguishable. The great creed of the Democratic party is that of State rights, the principle of local self-government, with the rights of the minority well subserved. This was the principle of Madison and Jefferson and Jackson, and it is just as fresh to-day as ever it was. No other symbols are equal to them. Under our Government, as administered by the Radical party, all power has been centered at Washington, and it has become so powerful that it could now dictate to the people whom they should select for President, and the question is now seriously discussed whether General Grant should not have a life tenure of the office of President. The Democratic party is totally opposed to this, and in favor of home rule, decentralization of governmental power, and State rights, and these doctrines are of the greatest importance at the present time to the well-being of the American people. The founders of the Government had these principles in view when they established this republic. They wished to revive on this new continent the liberties of the ancient republics of Greece and Rome. Those republics were simply a collection of cities, and wherever liberty existed in the East it was where the cities were each independent and self-governing. On this model at the foundation of this Government each State was made sovereign over its own affairs. Had there been cities at that time, as large as our principal centres, cities, instead of States, would have been made sovereign. But to-day the great cities of New York and Brooklyn are mere toys in the hands of the State Legislature, while if the principles of the Democratic party were carried out these great cities would have perfect liberty to manage their own affairs, would elect their own officers, and would make their own charters.—*Examiner.*

SAVE THE BEST FOWLS FOR BREEDING.—It is the worst possible policy to kill all the best and handsomest fowls, and save only the mean and scraggy ones to breed from. This is precisely the way to run out your stock; for like tends to breed like, and the result is that by continually taking away the best birds, and using the eggs of the poorest, your flock will grow poorer and poorer every succeeding year.

It would seem as though this was too plain to be insisted upon, but, in fact, "line upon line" is needed. It is the crying want of the poultry upon the farms the country through,—this careful and intelligent selection of the best for breeding.

Nothing is lost by a little self-denial to start with. The extra pound or two of poultry flesh that you leave on its legs, instead of sending it to the market, is as good seed, and will bring forth ten-fold and twenty-fold in your future broods. Save your best stock for breeding.—*The Poultry World.*

THE WRONG TIME TO FALTER.—In view of the news from the East, this is the wrong time for any Democrat to talk about dropping the party name and merging the organization with a new one. Ohio, which gave an immense Radical majority in the Presidential election, now elects Allen, an old-line Democrat for Governor. The year which wins for the Democracy such a State as Ohio is not a year to write the epitaph of the Democratic party. All this talk about disbanding our party comes from those who have an insatiable craving for office. They hope to go in on the flood tide of a new party organization. The party was never in better condition to win lasting victories than now, as our opponents and their allies, weak-kneed Democrats, will discover in their discomfiture within the next few years.—*Sonoma Democrat.*

Extraordinary Occurence.

A most extraordinary occurrence, being nothing less than the explosion of a well, blowing up of a house, and the serious injury of three individuals, is reported by the Chatham *Planet* to have taken place on Wednesday last in that neighborhood. It appears that Mr. H. Truax, proprietor of the Dominion Hotel, on the Gravel Road, some five and half miles southeast from Chatam, had for some time been engaged boring at that locality for a plentiful supply of water. The size of the bore was about nine inches in diameter. This he had put down to a depth of some 90 feet at about 4 o'clock on the day named, when suddenly a powerful vein was tapped and the boring apparatus was violently hoisted out of the hole and immediately followed by a tremendous spout of water, which arose, as some aver to the height of 80 feet above the surface of the ground. In course of time the locality of the well was completely submerged with water. Indeed such quantities of water were thrown out that the hotel itself was covered with water, and Mrs. Truax—for just at this time her husband was absent from home—asked Mr. James Drake to assist her to take up the carpets. While engaged in this work the building imperceptibly became filled with gas, which was emitted from the well along with the water. In a little while longer this gas ignited, it is supposed from the cooking stove, which had fire in it, and quicker thereafter than we can tell it, the house was blown to fragments—completely blown to pieces, the roof falling in, making the wreck fearful to behold. Mrs. Truax was blown out of the house a distance of some six feet, while Mr Drake and a man who was working at the well were at once prostrated. Added to the shock the gas fired everything within reach. The well itself sent forth a stream of flame and water while the house began to burn, and in a few minutes was nothing but a smouldering heap of ashes. Mrs. Truax was badly burned about the head and arms, as also was Mr. Drake. The other man was still more seriously injured—so much so that it is considered doubtful whether he will recover. He was as quickly as possible removed to Mr. Traxler's Hotel, about a mile nearer Chatham and it is said presents a pitiful sight to behold. The well continued to send forth water and fire for almost an hour and a half, when the flow of water began to subside somewhat, but still the flame continued. In course of time the flame was partially smothored, and when it was it is said that the roaring in the earth was really frightful to listen to. People in the vicinity began to get afraid, and for a little while the well was abandoned, and shortly afterwards broke out afresh and continued to burn fiercely for some time longer, when it gradually ceased. The scene is described by those who witnessed it as really terrible, and as soon as the news of the occurence began to spread hundreds from the town and neighborhood visited the spot. A similar occurrence took place some years ago near Thamesville, and anothern at Williams' Tavern, on the Howard and Harwich town line. We believe at Williams' Tavern one man lost his life by the explosion.

GREAT FLOOD AT ST. PETERSBURG. New York, Nov. 6th.—Foreign advices received here contain some particulars of the inundation of St. Petersburg, Russia, by an overflow of the river Neva on the 15th ultimo. The weather had been unusually warm during the day. It became evident that a storm was approaching, and towards seven o'clock in the evening it blew a hurricane. The water rose rapidly and the lower parts of the city were completely flooded by 2 o'clock next morning with ten feet of water, so that it flowed into many streets which had not been submerged since the great inundation of 1824. Some of the thoroughfares literally became rivers. The public gardens were uprooted, and ships in the river torn from their anchors and thrown against the floating bridge, all of which was more or less damaged. Telegraphic communication was suspended, as many of the posts were thrown down and the wires carried away. At the extremity of Vassile Astroff several coasting ships were floated into the streams, the pavement was destroyed, fences were carried away, and roofs torn off from houses. The people were panic stricken, and many were obliged to abandon the property which they possessed, being only too glad to save their lives. Some were taken off in boats. The Zoological Gardens were completely under water, and the proprietors had the greatest difficulty in saving any animals. The loss of property was immense, but no lives were lost.

CAPTURE OF THE VIRGINUS.—HAVANA, November 8.—The steamer Virginius was captured with all on board by the Spanish gunboat Tornado, near Jamaica, on the 31st ult. She had fifteen passengers and crew, who, with the vessel and cargo, have been brought to Santiago de Cuba, There is great rejoicing in Havana over the news. The streets and houses are decorated with the national colors, and subscriptions are being raised for a testimonial to the officers and crew of the Tornado. The Tornado came in sight of her at 2:30 P. M. on the 31st, and at ouce gave chase. The filbuster put on all steam and made for Jamaica. They threw overboard several horses and used a portion of her cargo for fuel, but the Tornado caught up with her at 10 P. M. near the Jamaica coast, and she surrendered with all on board. Among the prisoners is the well-known insurgent chief Balbetta, who was reported killed a few days ago, a brother of Cespedes, a son of Quesada, Señor Jesus Delsol, and other important personages. The prisoners have all been brought before a competent tribunal at Santiago, and are now being tried as pirates.

MILK, it is now found out, a pint being given every few hours, will check violent stomach ache and incipient cholera. Only you must not boil it, but heat it sufficiently to be agreeably warm. Typhoid fever, cruel as a tiger, is a disease for which the doctors have never been able to do much. Now we are told that milk is an excellent medicine to give in such cases. It nourishes, promotes sleep, wards off delirium, and soothes the bowels. The patient, both in typhoid and scarlet fever is to have all the milk he wants. What with Alderney and other dairies, and the new medical discoveries, this peaceful fluid is really looking up.

The Yolo Democrat,

With Half-Sheet Supplement;

MAKING SIX PAGES EVERY WEEK.

WOODLAND, CAL:

Friday, Nov. 14th, 1873.

DIXON BANK.—Our townsman L. F. Craft is one of the bidders for the erection of the Dixon Bank building soon to go up.

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS.—The new British line of steamers between San Francisco and Sidney will commence running about the 15th of December.

NEW CHURH.—The Adventists, says the Napa *Reporter*, have commenced the erection of a church edifice in that place, 25 by 40 feet in size, to cost about $2,000.

WHEAT BY STEAMSHIP.—The P. M. steamship Quong Le is loading with wheat at Vallejo for England, her charter having run out. She has to be delivered in England by the beginning of January.

ENGROSSING CLERK.—We are pleased to learn that Daniel McNeill, of Sacramento is quite prominent among the candidates for Engrossing Clerlk of the next Senate. Mr. McNeill is a practical printer and we believe him to be very worthy of the position.

A SPEC OF WAR.—The Cuban authorities have executed all the prisoners captured on the Virginius and several besides within a few days, in all forty-eight. One of the victims, a prominent Cuban, named Franchi Alfaro, it is said offered one million dollars as a ransom, but without avail. The feeling in the East is intense against this summary execution without trial. Our Government seems to be about to interfere. A Cabinet consultation was held on Wednesday. Immediately thereafter a monitor was ordered to be put in readiness by Friday and several other war vessels made ready for sea immediately. It may be that the inhuman butchery that has been going on in Cuba for several years will be stopped by our Government.

NOBODY ON GUARD.—It would appear from recent developments, says the Sacramento *Bee*, that there is nobodyon guard over the people's money! The Governor himself, the Attorney General, his law adviser, the Treasurer and the Secretary of State are all drawing funds from the State Treasury, to which it seems clear the law does not entitle them; and now comes the statement that Crane, a clerk in the Governor's office, drew double pay while he was examining the books of the Harbor Commissioners—and of course, he must have done this with the consent of the State officers! There can scarcely be a hope for reduced taxation during this Administration when the Administration itself sets the example of plundering the treasury!

MORE CORRUPTION.—There cannot be any necessity for so many changes in the books of our common schools. With every change of administration there seems to be a general overhauling and discarding of the books in use and new ones are substituted. What the object of this is must be apparent to any thinking person. There seems to be a "ring" formed in this matter, which is by no means a small affair, and somebody gets a good deal of money by these changes. It has been suggested that this is only another of the many swindling games entered into by the present Administration,and it looks very much like it. The last sweep embraces the six readers and a speller. We trust the *Post*, which is so sharp at ferreting out abuses, will hunt up the guilty parties in this "job," and let the public know who is to blame for putting it up. The people are sick of being humbugged so outrageously by men pretending to better things—wolves in sheep's clothing.

THE ALDINE.—Any one who examines the November *Aldine* will be surprised at the sumptuousness of its illustrations, as well as the high literary merit of its poetry and prose. Besides the two full-page original pictures, this number contains reproductions of three celebrated steel engravings, pictures every way as fine as the steel engravings. The first illustration is a full-page view of Lake Mohonk, in Ulster County, New York, by Kruseman Van Elten, of the National Academy. He depicts all the wild romance of the lake in the mountains. Homer Martin has a full-page picture of "A White Mountain Brook," grand, shadowy and silent. "Home and its Treasures," after R. Carrick, is full of delightful remembrances at this Thanksgiving season of the year. "A Chance Meeting," and "The First Visit," after Rudaux, are two teuder and charming pictures of the love-life of an artist. The other illustrations are "The Robber of the Air," "English Mastiffs," "A Masterpiece," a large view of the grand entrance to the Ratisbon Cathedral, portrait of the late Charles Temple Dix, the artist son of Governor John A. Dix, and a sweet little scene of autumn, when "the ripened grain they took from the wain." The literary contents of the *Aldine* for November are of superior quality and interest. The editor of the *Aldine* writes about the illustrations, etc. The departments of music, art, and literature, are filled with carefully written articles. The poetry in this number is of unusual excellence, comprising "The Little Hero of Haarlem;" "The Painted Cup," and "Coming and Going;" the whole forming a collection of rare art gems, essays by our best writers, and sweet poems, not to be found in any other magazine in the world. Subscription price $5.00 including Chromos "Village Bells" and "Crossing the Moor." James Sutton & Co., publishers, 58 Maiden Lane, N. Y. See the Prospectus for 1874 in another column.

Reduced to Figures.

It is strange that a man like Governor Booth should have so acted since his election as chief executive of this State that almost the entire Republican press, which helped more than all other influences to elect him, is now the most bitter foe he has to contend with in making his fight for the United States Senate. But this unusual state of things cannot, does not, exist without good and sufficient reason. Had Governor Booth kept himself clear of the back-pay enormity of which he stands charged, and which charge has not been nor cannot be refuted, but is only made worse by being apologised for by such papers as the *Union*, which doubtless have a purpose of their own to serve, he would still have the confidence of the people, and this powerful opposition would not have arisen against him. Even though he pledged himself to serve out his full term as Governor during his canvass of the State before his election, that fact would not have estranged his strongest and best friends from him. In other words, if he had not placed himself in the striking place he would not get the unmerciful yet merited pummeling he is receiving "at the hands of his friends." The latest hit is the following stunner from the San Francisco *Spirit of the Times*, which reduces the Governor's operations under the "back pay" head to dollars and cents. We commend it to the careful perusal of our readers: "The question of "back pay," becomes a very curious one when reduced to figures. A great deal has been said by the "Reform" papers of this State about Grant's "back pay," but when it is figured down, see how small it is in comparison to Booth's "back pay." Grant, representing 38,000,000 people, receives $25,000 per annum, or $1 for every 15,020 souls; while Booth receives $1,000 which is $1 for every 600 souls; in proportion to Booth's, Grant's "back pay" would amount to over $75,000 per annum. Where is Dabol?" This shows that Booth's "steal" is *just three times* as great, *per capita*, as Grant's! What wonder that he catches it roughly from all quarters. A man, and especially a public officer, must do right in order to obtain the approbation of his fellow men; this Governor Booth enjoyed so long as he lived up to his oath of office and his pledges to those whose servant he is; but now that he has disregarded those sacred obligations he is no louger entitled to the support of the people, but well merits the thorough castigathat is being so industriously bestowed upon him. The people do not want such a man to represent this great State of California in the United States Senate. He has been weighed in the balance and found wanting. They want a tried and true man—one who is a *known friend* of the people. Such a man is Hon. Eugene Casserly.

The Parvin Steam Plow.

One of these plows was recently purchased in the East and brought to this State by Mr. Brieul, of Solano county, and a public trial of it was had at Dixon on Tuesday last which was witnessed by quite a number of practical farmers of the neighborhood, mechanics and machinists, newspaper reporters and others, among the number Mr. Byron Jackson of this place, who was highly pleased with the machine and thinks that with some slight improvements it will become thoroughly practical. It will be a grand thing for our farmers, as it will not only facilitate but greatly cheapen the laborious work of plowing; and the same power seems to be adaptable to all kinds of heavy hauling, threshing, sawing, etc. For a description of this steam plow and the trial of it, we copy the following from the Sacramento *Bee*, written by its reporter who witnessed the trial:

On the invitation of Mr. Parvin, patentee, extended through Judge Beatty, President of the Board of Trade, a representative of the *Bee*, in company with representatives from the *Union* and *Record* and several citizens, left in the 6:45 train this morning for Dixon, Solano county, to witness the movements of the Parvin Steam Plow one of which was purchased in Illinois by Mr. Brieul, of Solano, who resides some eight miles from Dixon, in the direction of Maine Prairie. Parvin, the inventor, was there to exhibit it in a stubble field some 100 rods from the depot. The ground was dry and hard, and half adobe. Steam being up the engine was set in motion, trailing an eight gang prairie plow, turning a furrow of eight feet. The engine walked off at the rate of say three miles an hour, and before it had reached the end of the first field, (half a mile long), thirteen men were standing on the plow. One of the pulling rods broke, and those present being satisfied with the power, asked that some California gang plows be attached. One three gang and one two gang were made fast and a double harrow attached, and with these, plowing deep in the hard dry soil, the power walked off readily. Then sixteen men mounted the plows and harrow and still the power kept on!

There were present from Sacramento the representatives of the papers aforesaid, and Messrs. Gwynn, Hoag, Beatty, Adams, Ready, Webster, Mills (W. H.); Dudley, Huff, and a large concourse of other residents of Dixon. All were satisfied that a practical power was there and that this invention could be made highly serviceable for farming in California, not only to plow and harrow, but also to thresh, haul grain to market, cut wood, pump water, and do almost anything that steam is capable of doing about a farm.

The principle of the invention is the construction of a railroad on which the power travels. There are six feet, or steps, two of which are always on the ground. They turn around a cylinder, as it were, and lay the track before, or rather under, the power, lift up the track and lay it continuously, working like an endless chain. Each foot, or step is of iron and in form a segment of a circle, and four feet long by sixteen inches wide. To these feet, or steps, the wheels are attached, and the machinery runs over the wheels laid down to receive it, just as if a railroad car were to run over wheels fastened on the rail instead of having the wheels attached to the car as now. The engine is capable, it is said, of hauling fifty tons, which we can readily believe, and may be made of still greater capacity. The Dixon farmers present to-day, and those persons there from Sacramento, one and all expressed their confidence that this invention is one of much merit, and can be utilized here to a very large extent. The inventor claims for it that in California, with her long and level fields, ground can be cultivated at thirty if not fifty per cent. less cost than by the present syytem. The engine can be turned in as short a space as a six-horse team, and can be run at night (with a head-light) as well as in the day time.

ALFALFA.—This is known to be a very profitable crop in this State, and it also possesses the very important advantage over most other crops of being able to stand the drouths to which our climate is subject. The following from the San Bernardino *Guardian* shows what has been done with it in one instance in that part of the State, and some of our best farmers have found that it is just as well adapted to the Sacramento Valley:

There has been nearly 100,000 pounds of alfalfa seed saved in this County the past season, just now closed. Mr. McCrary and Tho. Topkins are the largest raisers, each harvesting over 8,000 pounds. Alfalfa seed is worth in San Bernardino 25 cents per pound, and in San Francisco the San Bernardino seed is worth 5 cents a pound more than any other in the market. To show what the profits of an acre planted in Alfalfa are, we will just cite one instance. Mr. B. C. Boren has 1¼ acres growing in Alfalfa; he cut it twice, and the yield each cutting was 2 tons to the acre, of feed. He then let it go to seed, cut and threshed it, and made 1,130 pounds of seed, worth in town for cash, $182. Is there anything else that can be grown upon an acre of ground that will yield such profits? After the first frost, alfalfa ceases to grow to any height until spring, but serves as a splendid pasturage all the winter for cattle.

U. A. O. D.—At the regular meeting of Dodona Grove No. 18, United Ancient Order of Druids, of this place, on Monday evening last, the following officers elect were duly installed by District Deputy Wm. Knox; D. Schindler, N. A.; M. Steinmitz, V. A.; J. J. McKenna, Recording Secretary; H. Coon, I. G.; Wm. Hummel, R. H. B. to N. A.; W. A. Henry, L. H. B. to N. A.; I. Hafky, R. H. B. to V. A.; H. Huber, L. H. B. to V. A.

New Advertisements.

Prospectus for 1874
SEVENTH YEAR.

The Aldine,

An Illustrated Monthly Journal, universally admitted to be the Handsomest Periodical in the World. A Representative and Champion of American Taste.

Not for Sale in Book or News Stores!

THE ALDINE, while issued with all the regularity, has none of the temporary or *timely* interest characteristic of ordinary periodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of pure light and graceful literature; and a collection of pictures, the rarest specimen of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of THE ALDINE will be most appreciated after it has been bound up at the close of the year. While other publications may claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of a similar class, THE ALDINE is a unique and original conception—alone and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possessor of a complete volume cannot duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumes *for ten times its cost, and then there are the Chromos, besides!*

ART DEPARTMENT, 1874.

The illustrations of THE ALDINE have won a world-wide reputation, and in the art centres of Europe it is an admitted fact that its wood cuts are examples of the highest perfection ever attained. The common prejudice in favor of "steel plates," is rapidly yielding to a more educated and discriminating taste which recognizes the advantage of superior artistic quality with greater facility of production. The wood-cuts of THE ALDINE possess all the delicacy and elaborate finish of the most costly steel plate, while they afford a better rendering of the artists original.

To fully realize the wonderful work which THE ALDINE is doing for the cause of art culture in America, it is only necessary to consider the cost to the people of any other decent representations of the productions of great painters.

In addition to designs by the members of the National Academy, and other noted American artists, THE ALDINE will reproduce examples of the best foreign masters, selected with a view to the highest artistic success and greatest general interest. Thus the subscriber to THE ALDINE will, as a trifling cost, enjoy in his own home the pleasures and refining influences of true art.

The quarterly tinted plates for 1874 will be by Thos. Moran and J. D. Woodward.

The Christmas issue for 1874 will contain special designs appropriate to the season, by our best artists, and will surpass in attractions any of its predecessors.

Premium for 1874.

Every subscriber to THE ALDINE for the year 1874 will receive a pair of chromos. The original pictures were painted in oil for the publishers of THE ALDINE, by Thomas Moran, whose great Colorado picture was purchased by Congress for ten thousand dollars. The subjects were chosen to represent "The East" and "The West." One is a view in The White Mountains, New Hampshire; the other gives The Cliffs of Green River, Wyoming Territory. The difference in the nature of the scenes themselves is a pleasing contrast, and affords a good display of the artist's scope and coloring. The chromos are each worked from thirty distinct plates, and are in size (12 x 16) and appearance exact fac-similies of the originals. The presentation of a worthy example of America's greatest landscape painter to the subscribers of THE ALDINE was a bold but peculiarly happy idea, and its successful realization is attested by the following testimonial, over the signature of Mr. Moran himself.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 20th, 1873.

Messrs. JAMES SUTTON & Co.,

Gentlemen:—I am delighted with the proofs in color of your chromos. They are wonderfully successful representations by mechanical process of the original paintings.

Very respectfully,
(Signed,) THOS. MORAN.

These chromos are in every sense American. They are by an original American process, with material of American manufacture, from designs of American scenery by an American painter, and presented to subscribers to the first successful American Art Journal. If no better because of all this, they will certainly possess an interest no foreign production can inspire, and neither are they any the worse if by reason of peculiar facilities of production they cost the publishers only a trifle, while equal in every respect to other chromos that are sold singly for double the subscription price of THE ALDINE. Persons of taste will prize these pictures for themselves—not for the price they did or did not cost, and will appreciate the enterprize that renders their distribution possible.

If any subscriber should indicate a preference for a figure subject, the publishers will send "Thoughts of Home," a new and beautiful chromo, 14 x 20 inches, representing a little Italian exile whose speaking eyes betray the longings of his heart.

TERMS.

$5 per annum in advance, with Oil Chromos free.

For **50 cents extra**, *the Chromos will be sent Mounted, Varnished, and prepaid by mail.*

THE ALDINE will, hereafter, be obtainable only by subscription. There will be no reduced or club rate; cash for subscriptions must be sent to the publishers direct, or handed to the local canvasser, without responsibility to the publishers, except in cases where the certificate is given, bearing the fac simile signature of JAMES SUTTON & Co.

CANVASSERS WANTED.

Any person wishing to act permanently as a local canvasser will receive full and prompt information by applying to

James Sutton & Co., *Publishers,*
no7 58 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

New Advertisements.

VON HOYTER'S
Cough Specific!
THE BEST REMEDY
FOR
COUGHS AND COLDS!

A COMPOUND OF
Tar, Liverwort, Hoarhound and Lobelia.

H. C. KIRK & CO., Agents,
no14 SACRAMENTO.

Notice of Application for Duplicate Certificate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I will, on December 10th, 1873, apply to the Register of the State Land Office for a duplicate of Swamp Land Certificate of Purchase No. 809, for 147 42-100 acres, being portions of Sections 25 and 36 T 6 N, R 3 E, as described in Swamp Land Survey, No. 371 of Yolo County, said certificate of purchase having been lost or destroyed.

no14-4t. PATRICK NOLAN.

Strayed or Stolen!

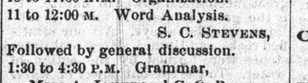
From the premises of S. BRIGGS, 8½ miles west of Woodland, a blue-roan horse, 9 years old, branded "13" on left thigh. Whoever will return said horse or give information where he may be found, will be liberally rewarded.

no14-tf S. BRIGGS.

Store to Let!

The Store and fixtures formerly occupied by the S. F. Boot and Shoe Store, opposite Capital Hotel, to let very cheap. Apply to

no14-tf L. KAMINSKY & CO., San Francisco Boot and Shoe Store.



Time Tests the Merits of All Things.

1840.] FOR OVER THIRTY YEARS [1872.

PERRY DAVIS'
PAIN-KILLER

Has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the constant companion and inestimable friend of the missionary and the traveler, on sea or land, and no one should travel on our Lakes or Rivers without it.

Since the PAIN-KILLER was first introduced, and met with such extensive sale, many Liniments, Reliefs, Panaceas, and other Remedies have been offered to the public, but not one of them has ever attained the truly enviable standing of the PAIN-KILLER.

WHY IS THIS SO?

It is because DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER is what it claims to be, a Reliever of Pain.

Its Merits are Unsurpassed.

If you are suffering from INTERNAL PAIN, Twenty to Thirty Drops in a Little Water will almost instantly cure you. There is nothing to equal it for

Colic Cramps, Spasms, Heart-burn, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Flux, Wind in the Bowels, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache.

In sections of the country where

Fever and Ague

Prevails, there is no remedy held in greater esteem. Persons traveling should keep it by them. A few drops in water, will prevent sickness or bowel troubles from change of water.

From foreign countries the calls for PAIN-KILLER are great. It is found to Cure Cholera when all other remedies fail.

WHEN USED EXTERNALLY AS A LINIMENT, nothing gives quicker ease in Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Stings from Insects, and Scalds. It removes the fire, and the wound heals like ordinary sores. Those suffering with RHEUMATISM, GOUT or NEURALGIA, if not a positive cure, they find the PAIN-KILLER gives them relief when no other remedy will.

It gives instant relief from Aching Teeth.

Every House-keeper should keep it at hand and apply it on the first attack of any Pain. It will give satisfactory relief, and save hours of suffering.

Do not trifle with yourselves by testing untried remedies. Be sure you call for and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, as many worthless nostrums are attempted to be sold on the great reputation of this valuable medicine.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

Price 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 per Bottle.
no14-1m

YOLO COUNTY
Teachers' Institute.

At a meeting of the Teachers of Yolo County held at the Court House, Saturday, November 1st, a Committee was appointed, and reported the following programme for the several sessions of the Institute.

PROGRAMME:

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 19th, 1873.
10 to 11:00 A.M. Organization.
11 to 12:00 M. Word Analysis.
S. C. STEVENS,
Followed by general discussion.
1:30 to 4:30 P.M. Grammar,
MISS A. JONES and C. O. PERKINS.
THURSDAY, Nov. 20.
9 A.M. to 12:00 M. Arithmetic,
Fractions, M. L. TEMPLETON,
Percentage, } H. B. PENDEGAST, } PROF. STURGIS.
1:30 to 2:30 P.M. Physiology,
JOHN PENDEGAST.
2:30 to 3:30. Algebra,
F. A. PEDLER.
3:30 to 4:30. Botany,
R. P. DAVIDSON.
FRIDAY, Nov. 21.
9 to 10 A.M. Music,
P. M. SAVAGE.
10 to 11:30. Reading,
MRS. M. C. ROSBORO and PROF. ELSTON.
11:30 to 12 M. Reports of Committees.
1:30 to 4:30 P.M. Discussion of Resolutions.
no7-2w

THANKSGIVING BALL!

WOODLAND LODGE, No. 111,
I. O. O. F.,
WILL GIVE A SOCIAL PARTY AT
WASHINGTON HALL, WOODLAND,
YOLO COUNTY, ON
Friday Evening, Nov. 28.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS,
N. WYCKOFF, D. SCHINDLER,
A. S. HOUSE, R. B. MOSERY,
D. N. HERSHEY.

COMMITTEE OF INVITATION,
DAVISVILLE—O. D. Reed, J. H. Horning, John Krimmer.
SACRAMENTO—H. K. Snow, James McCleary, John Talbot, D. W. Welty.
DIXON—D. B. Huff, B. N. Brickles, Herman Eppinger.
KNIGHT'S LANDING—H. M. Hoyt, John Black, Noble Clark.
WOODLAND—F. S. Freeman, W. G. Hunt, J. D. Stevens, George Gale.
YOLO COUNTY—John Ely, J. W. Lowery, John Lang, A. J. Hall.
FLOOR DIRECTOR—A. J. Steiner.
FLOOR MANAGERS—J. J. Bowman, Henry Fisher, D. M. Burns, T. P. Magee.

☞ Good Music will be in attendance. ☜

Supper at the Capital Hotel.

TICKETS, Including Supper, **$4.00.**
n. 7-14

Still on Hand!

F. M. HALL,
MAIN STREET,
IN FRONT OF THE COLLEGE, WOODLAND,

Would respectfully announce to the People of Yolo County, that he is now permanently located in Woodland, and is prepared to fill all orders in his line at short notice and in a satisfactory manner.

ALL KINDS OF
HARDWARE, TINWARE, STOVES, RANGES, PUMPS, PIPE OF ALL KINDS,
Nails, Screws, Hinges, Etc.,
WASH-BOARDS, CHURNS,
Clothes Wringers,
Galvanized Iron Wash Tubs,
Waffle Irons,
Gem Pans,
Sad Irons,
Rubber Hose,
COFFEE MILLS,
Knives and Forks,
Spoons,
Scrubbing and Horse Brushes,
Curry Combs,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

MANUFACTURER OF
ALL KINDS OF
Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet-Iron Ware.

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
RICHMOND RANGE
—AND—
Empire City Cook Stove!
The Best Stoves Now in Use.

☞ Particular attention given to Repairing and Job Work. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. oc31 3m

LOOK OUT!

IF YOU WANT A GOOD FITTING

BOOT OR SHOE

Made from the best French Calf, then call at

—THE—

S. Fr. Boot & Shoe Store.

They make them to order, and have always a large stock of their own make, also have a large assortment of the best San Francisco made goods on hand, and sell

At Very Reasonable Prices!

They warrant to give satisfaction on all their goods.

SEE THE SAN FRANCISCO

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!
au29-3m

M. W. THOMAS,
GENERAL COLLECTING
—AND—
INSURANCE AGENT,
OFFICE:
ODD FELLOWS' HALL,
(OVER NEW BANK,)
WOODLAND, CAL.

Having been for several months past successfully engaged in the above lines of business, I have determined to continue the same permanently. Prompt attention given to collecting Notes, Accounts, etc.

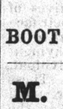
Fire and Life Insurance

Policies issued in reliable companies at reasonable rates.
Business attended to with dispatch in town or country.

☞ Orders left with E. Bynum will receive immediate attention.
WOODLAND, November 5th, 1873. no7-3m2p

TO THE LADIES
—OF—
Woodland and Yolo County.

MRS. OCBURN,



Having just returned from the Bay with a full assortment of

Millinery Goods,
OF THE LATEST STYLES,

Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine them, confident that she can please in the future as well as in the past. She would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

N.B.—Particular attention given to
DRESSMAKING!
Also, Agency of the
NEW WEED SEWING MACHINE!
oc10 One of the most reliable in use.

Strayed or Stolen.

From Mason's Ranch, six miles S. W. of Woodland, one bay mare mule, branded "71" on the left hip, four years old. One black horse, ten years old, not branded, weighs about 1,000 pounds, a star in the forehead, three white feet to the fetlock, and the fourth part white. Both of the above animals have been missing since the 5th or 8th of September. Any person returning the above animals, or giving information where they may be found, will be well rewarded for their trouble.

WILLIAM MASON.
Nov. 1st, 1873. no7-1m

Piano for Sale.

The undersigned has a first-class seven octave pianoforte, Wm. Bourne, maker, Boston, which he desires to sell immediately for cash at a low price.

Inquire of L. MACHEFERT.
se26-tf Jeweler, etc., Woodland, Cal

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Nails, Screws, Hinges, Etc.,
WASH-BOARDS, CHURNS,
Clothes Wringers,
Galvanized Iron Wash Tubs,
Waffle Irons,
Gem Pans,
Sad Irons,
Rubber Hose,
COFFEE MILLS,
Knives and Forks,
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Scrubbing and Horse Brushes,
Curry Combs,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

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Empire City Cook Stove!
The Best Stoves Now in Use.

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au29-3m

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se26-tf Jeweler, etc., Woodland, Cal

Taxes for 1873.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the

STATE AND COUNTY TAXES

FOR THE YEAR 1873

Are now due and payable, and that the law in regard to their collection will be strictly enforced. I will attend at the following places in the respective townships on the days named, and will be prepared to receive the taxes and give receipts therefor to all who may apply, and on all other days till January 3d, 1874, inclusive, at my office in Woodland:

West Cottonwood—At Lang's, Thursday, Nov. 13th.
East Cottonwood—At Hotel, Friday, November 14th.
Buckeye—At Harling's Store, Saturday, Nov. 15th.
Fairview—At Bandy's Ranch, Monday, Nov. 17th.
North Grafton—At Earl's Store, Tuesday, November 18th.
West Grafton—At Weyand's Corner, Wednesday, November 19th.
Knight's Landing—At Hoyt's Hotel, Thursday, November 20th.
Cacheville—At Campbell's Hotel, Friday, November 21st.
Fremont—At Gray's Ranch, Saturday, Nov. 22d.
Davisville—At Judge O'Neal Office, Monday, November 24th, and Tuesday, November 25th.
Merritt—At Brick School House, Wednesday, November 26th.
Washington—At Green's Hotel, Friday, Nov. 28th, and Saturday, Nov. 29th.

All taxes not paid prior to the FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY, 1874, will become delinquent and five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof.

Woodland, October 29th, 1873.
J. P. BULLOCK, Sheriff,
And *ex officio* Tax Collector of Yolo County.

NOTICE.

The attention of Taxpayer's is directed to the following decisions of Attorney-General, John L. Love:—"Silver Quarter and Half-Dollars, Dimes and Half-Dimes, are a legal tender for all sums NOT EXCEEDING FIVE DOLLARS. Act of February 21st, 1853, Vol. 10 Stats. at Large page 160."

It is the duty of Tax Collectors in the collection of revenues, to receive in payment of taxes only that which is a legal tender.

oc31-3w JOHN L. LOVE, Attorney General.

GRAND DISPLAY
OF
FALL DRESS GOODS!
—AT—
JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO'S.

Those Elegant New Shades are all the Attraction!

Why Buy Old, Shelf-worn Goods when you can get a No. 1 Article for the same money at

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO'S.

THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN
FANCY GOODS
Are always to be found at our Establishment.

Domestic Goods!

The Best and Cheapest in Market always on hand.

CLOTHING!

In this department you will find the
BEST SELECTED STOCK,
Both in Style and Material ever offered in Yolo County.

HATS AND CAPS!

LATEST STYLES AND GREAT VARIETY.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

San Francisco and Eastern Make at Reduced Prices!

CARPETS!

OIL CLOTHS,
MATS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
TRAVELING BAGS,
UMBRELLAS,

Everything pertaining to our business,
—AT—
THE LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO.
WOODLAND, October 10th, 1873. oc10-3m

Announcement to the Public!

A. J. WELLS, J. SOVEREIGN, C. L. BEACH.

BEACH, SOVEREIGN & COMPANY,
(SUCCESSORS TO ELLIOTT BROS.)

Having leased the building known as "Elliott's Carriage and Wagon Manufactory," will continue the business in all its branches, including

CARRIAGE AND WAGON-MAKING,
BLACKSMITHING,
HORSESHOEING AND GENERAL JOBBING!

The members of this new firm are all old hands at the business, and understand thoroughly every department. MR. SOVEREIGN has been for several years past in the same line at Knight's Landing, and MR. BEACH is well-known as an experienced hand at the business in Woodland, while MR. WELLS is a good mechanic recently from the East.

A complete stock of New Materials has been purchased, selected with great care, especially for this market.

We respectfully invite the patronage of the public, warrant all work as represented, and shall charge only reasonable prices.

We are Agents for the Bain Wagons, the World Mower and the Hill Gang Plow, a supply of which will be kept on hand. Call and leave your orders.

BEACH, SOVEREIGN & CO.
WOODLAND, May 1st, 1873. au8-3m

COOS BAY COAL AGENCY.
BERRYMAN & DOYLE,
Dealers in
CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH, AND ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COALS;
ALSO,
PIG IRON!
BULKHEAD—Between Pacific and Jackson St. Wharves, San Francisco.
no23-1y

ATLANTIC Lead, Linseed Oil, Paints in quantity, also Paint Brushes, at E. BYNUM & CO'S.

District Court Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo.

WM. DRESBACH, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. F. W. HOUX, et al., Defendants.

Action brought in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, and the Complaint filed in said County of Yolo, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The People of the State of California send greeting to F. W. HOUX and S. N. MERRING, Defendants:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiffs in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons—if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this district, then within twenty days; otherwise within forty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said Complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court for the foreclosure of a certain Mortgage described in the said Complaint, and executed by the said F. W. Houx, on the Tenth day of April, A.D. 1871, to secure the payment of a certain Promissory Note of $300 with interest thereon from April 10th, 1871, at 1½ to date of payment; that the premises conveyed by said Mortgage may be sold, and the proceeds applied to the payment of said Note, and also to obtain judgment for the sum of $115.80 due for goods, wares and merchandise furnished Defendant, F. W. Houx, and for Counsel Fees and Costs, and in case such proceeds are not sufficient to pay the same, then to obtain an execution against said F. W. Houx for the balance remaining due, and also that the said defendants and all persons claiming by, through or under them, may be barred and foreclosed of all right, title, claim, lien, equity of redemption, and interest in and to said mortgaged premises, and for other and further relief, as will more fully appear by reference to the Complaint on file herein.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said Complaint, as above required, the said Plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said Complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, this Twenty-fifth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

[SEAL] D. SCHINDLER, Clerk,
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.
J. C. BALL, Att'y for Plaintiffs. se19-2m

Probate Notice.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF YOLO County. In the matter of the Estate of JONATHAN PHILLIPS, deceased.

It appearing to the said Court by the Petition this day presented and filed by Hannah E. Phillips, the Administratrix of the Estate of Jonathan Phillips, deceased, praying for an Order of Sale of Real Estate, that it is necessary to sell a part of the real estate to pay the debts and expenses and charges of administration;

It is therefore ordered by the Judge of said Court that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before the said Probate Court on SATURDAY, the FIFTEENTH day of NOVEMBER, 1873, at Ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Probate Court, at the Court House in Woodland, Yolo County, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Administratrix to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary. And that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in THE YOLO DEMOCRAT, a newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated, October 15th, 1873.
J. A. BUTTON, Probate Judge.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo, County Clerk's Office, October 16th, 1873.ss.

I, D. SCHINDLER, County Clerk of the said County of Yolo, State of California, and Clerk of the Probate Court, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing copy of an order in the Estate of JONATHAN PHILLIPS, deceased

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, Nov. 14th, 1873.

Agents for the Yolo Democrat.

THOMAS BOYCE, L. P. FISHER, BEAN & Co., and W. B. LAKE are authorized agents of this paper at San Francisco.

GEORGE P. ROWELL & Co., 41 Park Row, are our authorized agents in New York.

LOCAL AGENTS:

D. B. GOODE.....Agent at Large.
J. J. AMMONS.....do do
R. R. DARBY.....Cottonwood.
HARLING, WELCH & Co.....Buckeye.
J. W. SNOWBALL.....Knight's Landing.
A. J. HALL.....Cacheville.
JUDGE J. O'NEAL.....Davisville.
W. M. GREEN.....Washington.

Town and County Matters

STAR (*) NOTICES in the local column will hereafter be charged 10 cents a line for the first, and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion.

Board of Supervisors.

The Board met on Monday last, all the members present, and transacted the following business:

Bill of Dr. Gardner, for medical services, was allowed.

Bill of J. A. Kinsman for rent of room for election purposes, rejected.

Matter of repairing bridge across the canal on the Elkhorn road and on road from Knights Landing to Fremont, referred to Supervisor J. C. Smith and Road Master Taylor with instructions to repair the same.

Bond of John Huy, for performance of contract made at last meeting, approved.

Allowance of $18 per quarter on Hospital Fund ordered in favor of J. S. Stevenson, to continue during the pleasure of the Board.

Tax Collector ordered to have posters printed and posted throughout the county, giving notice of time and place of payment of taxes.

Ordered that $20 be appropriated from the General Fund for making a School Map for the use of the Superintendent of Schools, and that the Clerk of the Board certify to the Superintendent such changes as hereafter occur.

Petition of J. B. Green and others for formation of a Reclamation District out of Swamp Land District No. 18, after considerable discussion and argument by able counsel, pro and con, was granted.

Resignation of J. P. Bullock, Sheriff, as Janitor of the Court House, rejected.

Plans were filed by the Trustees of Reclamation District 150, reciting the work of relamation and estimates of expenses, etc. Wm. Minis J. I. Underhill and N. Wyckoff were appointed Commissioners to view and assess upon every acre to be benefitted a tax accoring to law.

Auditor and Treasurer's Report received and filed and ordered published in THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

After disposing of some other unimportant matters, the Board adjourned to the first Monday in December.

ROLL OF HONOR of Fillmore District for the month ending Nov. 7th, 1873.

First Grade.

Katie Fisher	93	Eva Kincheloe	96¾
Tillie Browning	99	Annie Goodin	97¾
Stephen Fisher	89	Charley Browning	97¾
Zella Browning	98¾	John Day	96¾
Genie Day	96¾	George Gould	95¾
Mary Lucas	97¾	Warren Hord	98¾

Second Grade.

Josiah Gould	97	Annie Harlan	94
Willie Harlan	96	Johnny Bray	94
George Lucas	96	Campbell Bray	94
Sallie Lucas	95	Albert Gould	91
Clarence Day	96	George Grayson	90

Third Grade.

Rilla Gould	93	Jonnie Kincheloe	90
Stella Grayson	92	Willie Browning	80
Sammy Beck	92	Lee Lucas	90

Those standing below 90 per cent. are not reported.

FRANK A. PEDLER, Teacher.

FIRE ALARM.—An alarm of fire was given yesterday morning, which fortunately proved to be only an alarm. Smoke was seen issuing from the roof of Davison's chop house, opposite the Capital Hotel, and a hole was soon cut through and what fire there was extinguished. It was a good place for a fire and if it had got a start among those wooden buildings would have been uncontrollable. This is another warning to prepare for the devouring element.

PARISIAN CIRCUS.—This great combination—the Parisian Circus, and California Dramatic Troupe, will exhibit in Woodland on Saturday next, Nov. 15th. It gives not only a regular equestrian circus performance but also the great spectacular drama of "Turpin's Ride to York," which is very highly spoken of by the *Union*, *Bulletin*, *Chronicle* and *Alta*. Admission, One Dollar; Children half price—under five free. *

SOON TO BE MOVED.—The remodeling of the new bank building is nearly completed and the bank will be transferred to it in a few days. The new iron front is an elegant one with heavy plate glass in the windows and doors. The woodwork is all solid walnut including doors, sash, counters, etc. It will be princely in appearance when finished—equal to any of the city banks.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—We call the attention of those who want first class boots or shoes, to the San Francisco Boot and Shoe Store, where they can find the very best boots and shoes that can be made. They employ the best workmen, and make you a splendid fit. Their prices are very reasonable.*

DISTRICT COURT.—There will be a session of the District Court, commencing on Monday morning next, to try the case of Lambert vs. the Clear Lake Water Works Company. This case has been put off from time to time for several terms, but there is a prospect that it will now come to trial.

INSTITUTE.—The Yolo County Teachers' Institute commences on Wednesday next at the Court House.

REMEMBER THE CIRCUS Saturday evening. *

A Model "Justice"

CAPAY, Nov. 3d, 1873.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—In the classic shades of Hunry Hollow there lives a so-called Justice of the Peace who swears by the Sacramento *Union*, and upon the authority of that paper he is enforcing a law that prohibits women from picking their ducks. The statute is to the effect that hereafter no fowls other than geese be picked; and whether on account of this unfriendly legislation or not, certain it is that one German farmer has in the rear of his barn three dozen of that species of game upon which Andy Johnson refused to waste his amunition. Now since all *geese* are left unprotected by this law, this dispenser of justice among the inferior fowls is in mortal terror of losing the remaining down that is left on the top of his own cranium; and had this law been enforced before the last general election, I am sure that our Hon. Assembly elect would have been compelled to explain his position on this point to have secured even a respectable minority of the votes cast in that precinct. FARMER.

SUPERVISORS.—In obedience to an order from the Supreme Court, the Board of Supervisors will convene on the 15th to prepare their answer to the said order, which was issued in the case of George Hagar vs. The Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, and requires the Board to certify on or before the 18th instant a transcript of the original petition, and schedule annexed, for the formation of Reclamation District No. 108, in Yolo and Colusa counties.

ATTENTION, LADIES!—Nickelsburg & Bro. have just received a large stock of the latest styles ladies' hats, handsomely trimned and ready for use. They offer them at the lowest prices. Those wishing hats should call and examine them. Also a fresh stock of the newest styles Winter dress goods, among which may be found, Loudon Smoke, and Navy Blue of Diagonal goods.

LATE PEACHES.—We yesterday saw a peach tree hanging full of fruit that is just beginning to get ripe. The tree is in the rear of Burson's saloon, which is upon the north side of the street, and probably this fact accounts for the fruit ripening so late in the season.

NOTARIAL APPOINTMENT.—Among other appointments by the Governor, we notice that he has commissioned C. S. Frost as Notary Public, *vice* F. E. Baker, term expired. This is certainly a good appointment.

GO AND SEE the rope ascension at the Circus tent on Saturday evening. It costs nothing.

A TOWEL FOR EACH.—It is not uncommon in country houses, for all the members of the family to use the same towel for wiping their hands and faces. I am often surprised to see how this practice prevails, even among people of considerable cultivation; frequently, the towel is made of three yards of good crash, sewed together at the ends and hung over a roller. This seems very generous and nice when it is clean, but not so after it has hung there two or three days, used morning, noon and night by half-a-dozen persons. We may be able to endure a great deal of our own dirt, when we are obliged to, but it is not a morbid delicacy that shrinks from using a towel soiled by other persons. Each human body gives forth its own peculiar excretions from every pore of the skin, waste matter, more or less filthy, so it is not merely the impurity derived from external sources that we wash and wipe away when we perform our ablutions. It is also this one's dyspepsia, that one's biliousness, the other one's tobacco—ugh! Give me a clean towel, please! And please give every child its own towel and its own comb as soon as it is old enough to use them; and now I want to add—please, O fellow citizen! give every human being a chance to wash the whole body, privately, whenever one wishes to do so, in a comfortable bath-room, with plenty of hot and cold water, and a good bath-tub, and all the clean towels desired.—*Am. Agriculturist.*

DEFENCE OF AN ABUSED PATRIOT. From the daily papers we have seen U. S. Marshal Morris has been berated on account of his peculiar notions, particularly in regard to his handcuffing witnesses and leading them through the public streets, of course subjecting them to be looked upon as criminals of the worst class; for it is well known that even in the case of criminals, only those of the worst class are subjected to that kind of treatment. The San Francisco Evening *Post*, not willing that injustice should be done to any, not even to the said Marshal, comes to his defence in this wise: "Much has been said about the brutality of Marshal Morris and the impropriety of his nomination; but it should be remembered in his favor that in the dark hour of the country's need, when the Republic called forth her noblest sons to battle with treason and rebellion, he came boldly to the front and made his fortune and his rank as Major—in the Commissary Department at Los Angeles, California."

BEGIN AT THE HEAD.—The San Francisco *Post* says:

"If the new Legislature is really in earnest in desiring retrenchment and reform, it cannot do better than by commencing at the State Capitol and with the State officers. Governor Booth is clearly drawing a thousand dollars a year from the Treasury which the Constitution forbids him to draw. Attorney-General Love is drawing in the same way fifteen hundred dollars, and State Treasurer Baehr has, it appears, been party to an arrangement by which one hundred dollars per month has been drawn from the State Treasury to pay a porter who only receives seventy-five dollars. And he is, moreover, charged with permitting one J. Schroeder, who is engaged in a pickle factory in San Francisco, to draw eight hundred dollars a year as a clerk in his office in Sacramento. If the new party is in earnest, and wishes to give the people of the State a proof of its earnestness, it will, before proceeding to any other business, investigate these matters. Reform like charity should begin at home."

THE HEALTH REFORMER.—We have received the November number of this excellent magazine with the following attractive table of contents: Labor; Dyspepsia; Leposy in California; Alcoholic Medication; The Drug Doctors begin to see Light; Damp Cellers; Quacks and Quakery; There is Death in the Bedroom; Unaired Rooms; What is Health; A Parable; Overeating; Means Which Shorten Life; Why are Americans Dyspeptics; Try to be Healthy; Fretful Babies; Only Once; The Framework of the Body; Filter and Cool Walter; What Shall We Eat; Worms in Wells; The Wish; Advantages of Health Reform; A Lesson of Contentment; The Way to Health; Random Thoughts; Eating Without an Appetite; The Date Palm; Keep Warm; The Best Doctors; What will you Take; Housekeeping vs. Homekeeping; Health Habits of Young Men; Discussion—To the Point; The Drawing the Enemy's Fire; To Correspondents; Items for the Month. Published by the Health Reform Institute, Battle Breek, Michigan, at the very low price of $1. a year.

POSTOFFICE.—Rumor says the new P. M. will move the Postoffice to the building now occupied by Geo. D. Fiske's Insurance Agency, just west of its former location. Mr. Dexter has received his commission from Washington.

Living Advertisements.

A medicine that has done more than all the prescriptions of the pharmacopeia to protect the human system against the bodily ills superinduced by unhealthy surroundings, is certainly worthy of universal confidence It is mainly on account of its extraordinary preventive properties that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is so exceedingly popular in localities subject to the visitation of miasmatic fevers and other diseases produced by empoisoned air. A family that has escaped sickness during a sickly season in consequence of using the Bitters as a safeguard, is a living advertisement of the virtues of the preparation. The whole neighborhood realize the fact. "I could'nt have believed it," says one. "I scarcely credited the advertisements; but one must believe what one sees," says another." It is the very thing we need in this unwholesome section of country," remarks a third. And the result is that the instinct of self-defence, the first law of nature, induces three-fourths of that community to obtain a supply of the great vegetable antidote before the next sickly season sets in. In winter, when the system requires extra vigor and elasticity to enable it to baffle the effects of damp and cold, the bitters will be found particularly serviceable. Rheumatism will not be apt to fasten upon muscles and nerves that have been braced up by this excellent invigorant and nervine; nor will the severities of the season, which have such a disastrous effect on the pulmonary organs of the feeble and delicate, be likely to excercise the same untoward influences in cases where the stomach and the external surface of the body (which always sympathizes with the digestive organs) have been toned and stimulated by a course of the restorative. The fits of indigestion and irregularities of the bowels which proceed from sudden changes of weather may always be averted by a timely use of the Bitters.

WE OFTEN see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "spring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" given to such stock occasionally during the winter, would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

HAVE you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you rheumatism in any form? Have you stiff neck, or bunches caused by rheumatic pains? If so, "Johnson's Anodyne Liniment" is a specific remedy, used internally and externally.

THE PAIN-KILLER is used both internally and externally.—The *stain* occasioned by external application of the Pain-Killer is easily removed by washing in alcohol.

FOR THE VERY BEST PHOTOGRAPHS, go to Bradley & Rulofson's Gallery, without stairs. *Ascend in the Elevator*—429 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

BORN.

In Woodland, Nov. 1st, to the wife of T. B. Reindollar, a Daughter.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the Bride's parents, in Woodland, November 13th, by Elder J. N. Pendegast, Mr. Emmor J. Haight, of Davisville, and Miss Annie E. Pierson, of Woodland.

Joy go with you, friend Haight—for you and your handsome and accomplished bride there must be much of joy. When two such hearts are united there must indeed be real happiness. May your road through life always be smooth; may prosperity, happiness and honor crown your lives, and that better life be yours which follows after this.

In Woodland, November 2d, by Rev. James Burns, Mr. W. N. Marders and Miss Esther Ryder, both of Yolo Co.

This space will be occupied during the Holidays by ADOLPH KIERSKI as Santa Claus' Headquarters.

The Largest Assortment of Holiday Presents to be found in Yolo County.

Our Motto—"Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Store, Main Street, opposite the College, Woodland.

no7-3m

AVERILL'S CHEMICAL PAINTS. A full supply of the various shades for sale at E. BYNUM & CO'S.

White House!

WOODLAND!

ATTENTION!

We take pleasure in informing the public that we are now

RECEIVING DAILY FROM THE EAST

A New and Complete Stock of

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,

Empress Cloths,
India Cloths,
Poplins,
Silks,

—AND A—

Great Variety of Custom-Made

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

OF THE LATEST STYLES!

Bristol Three-Ply Ingrain Carpets,

Oil Cloth, Matting, Wall Paper and Window Curtains.

We call particular attention of the Trade to our

COMPLETE STOCK

—OF—

CALIFORNIA CUSTOM MADE

MEN'S & BOYS' BOOTS!

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes!

☞ We offer the same at the Lowest Prices. By calling at the

WHITE HOUSE!

You will find that they have made corresponding deductions on all classes of their Goods which have lately

DECLINED IN PRICES!

ALEXANDER & CO.

oc10-3m Next door to Porter & Co.

COLEMAN'S No better evidence of the efficacy of Dr. J. S. COLEMAN'S Compound Extract of Eucalyptus can be desired, than the following summary of cases, treated with this remedy alone, by that eminent physician, DR. DAVID WOOSTER, in the U. S. Marine Hospital, San Francisco, reported in the August No. (1872) *Pacific Medical Journal:*

EUCALYPTUS

	No. Cases Treated.	*Cured.*	*Imp'd.*
Remittent Fever	5	5	.....
Chills and Fever	19	19	.....
Typhoid Fever	9	9	.....
Inflam. of the Kidneys	4	3	1
Diuretis	10	7	3
Incontinence of Urine	3	3	.....
Stricture	6	4	2
Inflam. of Bladder	27	25	2
Blennorrhagia	13	10	3
Disease of the Heart	7	...	7
Dysentery	4	3	1
Chronic Diarrhœa	13	9	4
Gonorrhœa	15	15	.....
Dropsy	6	3	3

Completely corroborative of the above, are the reports of the experiments with Eucalyptus by Dr. Lorrimer, of Berlin, Prussia, and Dr. Keeler, Chief Physician of the Austrian Railway Co., published in the *Am. Med. Jour.*, July, 1872.

It will be found very efficacious in obstinate cases of Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Hacking Cough, Chronic Sore Throat, Leucorrhea, etc., and in nausea during pregnancy.

DR. COLEMAN'S DOUBLE EXTRACT OF EUCALYPTUS is a special preparation for the treatment of FEVER and AGUE, and is *warranted to cure* every case treated according to directions, without the injurious results of the usual Quinine and arsenical remedies for that disease. Also, pure Fluid Extract of Eucalyptus, in one pound bottles, for physicians' use. For sale everywhere, and by Chas. Langley & Co., Druggists, Agents, San Francisco.

ec17-my2-1yis

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

MRS. & MISS PORTER

having purchased the stock and business of Mmes. WILLIARD AND PHILLIPS in the above line, desire to inform the public of the fact, and at the same time solicit the patronage of the Ladies of Woodland and vicinity.

A New Stock of Millinery

Has already been added, so that we can supply anything in that line promptly, and we believe to the satisfaction of everyone who calls upon us. We shall aim to keep the latest styles of goods, and sell them at reasonable prices.

Dressmaking

Will also be a prominent feature with us, in which we feel confident we can please both in style and prices.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns.

The ladies are respectfully invited to give us a call, examine our goods and leave their orders.

MRS. W. W. PORTER & CO.

Woodland, Sept. 11th, 1873. se12-3m

FALL STYLES FOR 1873.

GENTS' SILK AND BUSINESS

HATS

Were Introduced August 30th,

AT D. H. QUINN'S,

HATTER & FURRIER,

87 J. STREET.

Ladies' Furs Made to Order and Repaired.

THE LATEST SHAPES.

se12-3m

Town Property for Sale.

A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE of nine rooms, well finished, with lot on Fourth street, 100 feet front, well improved, with a good Barn, Trees, Shrubbery, Vines, etc.

ALSO, TWO OTHER LOTS,

With a House and Barn on each—and each 100 feet front, all facing East.

The above property is all under insurance, and for sale very low, for half cash and the other half on time at low interest.

au8 J. H. HALL.

House and Lot for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale his House and Lot situated on Main Street, Woodland, adjoining Prof. Martin's residence on the east. The house is new and hard-finished, contains five rooms, and the location very desirable. For particulars apply to me on the premises.

DAVID G. GORDON.

Woodland, Oct, 10th, 1873. oc10-1m

WANTED

Fifty Teams, with Drivers

To work on Canal in Capay Valley. Wages liberal; board for men and feed for teams furnished.

Apply to A. H. ROSE or to A. BROKAW, on the Works. se26-tf

PAINTS AND OILS,
For sale at
SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE.

The Lost Found!

THE GREAT SAN FRANCISCO AUCTION STORE!

Has Bought at a Very Large

SHERIFF'S SALE

A Select Stock of

SEASONABLE GOODS!

Of the Very Best Qualities, at

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!

Which enables us to offer the benefit of the

ENTIRE STOCK AT ASTONISHING PRICES.

Golden Chances to Everybody.

LOOK AT THIS OFFER OF THE GREAT SAN FRANCISCO

AUCTION STORE

Ladies' High-Cut Kid-Foxed Shoes at $1.50—worth double;

Ladies' Calf Shoes—our own make—$1.75 per pair; sold everywhere for $3.00;

Misses' and Children's Shoes, High-Cut Kid Foxed, $1.25—worth $2.00;

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

GENTS' AND BOYS' BOOTS!

Gents' Boots of Best Manufacture from $3 to $5.00—worth double;

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING

IN VERY LARGE VARIETY AND

BEST QUALITIES,

—AT—

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

Mens' Suits from $10 to $20—worth double;

Mens' Pants from 75 cents to $5.

We have also received a Complete Stock of

DRY GOODS!

FANCY GOODS!

SHAWLS,

Of Every Style and Various Low Prices,

—ALSO—

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

BLANKETS & FLANNELS,

To Suit Everybody in Quality and Prices.

Notions, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, English Cutlery, Pipes, Tobacco of best brands, Jewelry, and a full assortment of Crockery and Glassware at astonishing prices.

Ladies', Gents' and Boys' Hats, from 50c to $2.50—sold elsewhere from $3 to $5.00.

TRUNKS, BAGS and VALISES,

And, in fact, an endless variety of everything, too numerous to mention, and at Prices which defy competition, at the GREAT SAN FRANCISCO AUCTION STORE.

Call and examine our prices and satisfy yourself that the Cheapest House in Woodland is the GREAT SAN FRANCISCO AUCTION STORE, under the Odd Fellows' Hall, where the red flag can be seen by all.

L. GOSLINER & CO.

oc10-3m

YOLO PLANING MILL, MACHINE SHOP,

—AND—

Manufactory for Elevators and Self-Feeders for Threshing Machines,

COR. OF OAK AVENUE AND RAILROAD STS.,

One Block South of Hesperian College.

The undersigned hereby notifies the public tht he has leased the Yolo Planing Mill and added to it a Machine and Blacksmith Shop, with a view to establishing a

MANUFACTORY FOR ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

And to do a General Milling Business in all its Departments.

Doors, Sash, Casings, Inside Finish, Brackets, Scroll Sawing, Wood and Iron Turning, Boring out Steam Cylinders and Douglas Pumps (of any size), Door and Window Frames and Moldings of all kinds made to order, Etc., Etc.

CONTRACTING AND JOBBING

Left to Contractors, House Builders and Carpenters, whose patronage is especially solicited, and

Good Work Guaranteed!

As None but First-Class Workmen will be employed. Besides, he is prepared to do

BLACKSMITHING!

AND REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

—AND—

STEAM ENGINES!

Will Manufacture Harrows, Cultivators, and anything in his line of business that may be ordered, at as reasonable rates as can be done in San Francisco.

oc3 BYRON JACKSON.

NEW BARBER SHOP!

WOODLAND THE BEST PLACE AFTER ALL!

The undersigned, after an absence of several months, has returned to Woodland and opened a Barber shop in the new building immediately

In Front of the College,

MAIN STREET,

Where he invites his his old friends and the public to call upon him.

I thoroughly understand the Tonsorial Art in all its branches, and respectfully invite a share of the patronage of the people of Woodland and vicinity.

oc24-3m THEODORE SCHUMACKER.

POULTRY AND EGGS!

The undersigned is prepared to buy all kinds of Poultry and Fresh Eggs, for which he will pay the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE IN CASH.

Office—In A. Griggs' Grocery Store,

MASONIC BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

WOODLAND.

oc17-3m JOHN J. FRIGGENS.

ART NOTICE.

FOR THE VERY SUPERIOR RETOUCHED

Rembrandt Photographs,

OR ANY OTHER BRANCH OF THE ART,

From the smallest picture to life-size, copied and enlarged equal to any gallery in the world, by R. ROGERS & CO.,

At Mr. Rue's Old Gallery,

OVER PORTER & CO'S STORE, Woodland.

au23-3m

PURE Lard Oil, Chinese Nut Oil, Castor Oil At E. BYNUM & CO'S.

GEO. LEWALD & Co.,

(Successors to FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN)

—DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

CROCKERY,

HARDWARE,

OILS, PAINTS AND WALL-PAPER.

Orders received for all kinds of:

FARMING IMPLEMENTS!

Agents for

Wood's Self-Raking Reaper!

—AND—

NEW IRON MOWER!

COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

Goods Sold at Low Prices and on Reasonable Terms.

MR. KAUFMAN, of the late firm, is always on hand to attend to his old friends and patrons.

WOODLAND, Feb. 20, 1873. no1-3m

W. S. HUSTON. | R. M. HUSTON. | E. T. HUSTON.

NEW BUSINESS FIRM

Knight's Landing!

—AT—

Huston Brothers,

SUCCESSORS TO

HUSTON & GOLDMAN,

KNIGHTS LANDING,

YOLO COUNTY,

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

HARDWARE,

AND

ALL KINDS OF FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

au15-tf

NEW GOODS.

We beg leave to announce to the public that we have received a large stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Which we shall offer at the most

REASONABLE RATES,

In average 10 or 20 per cent. cheaper than Sacramento and San Francisco prices.

We call special attention to our

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,

Which in assortment as well as in style, can't be superseded, to wit:

IRISH POPLINS—GENUINE ARTICLE,

In All Shades.

SILKS!

JAPANESE SILKS—Plain;
JAPANESE SILKS—Brocaded;
JAPANESE SILKS—Striped;
JAPANESE POPLINS.

Black Alpacas—All Grades;
Colored Alpacas—All Colors;
French Merinos—All Colors;

EMPRESS CLOTH—ALL COLORS;

Zoyara Cloths—All Colors:
Amour Cloths—All Colors;
Baroda Stripes—All Colors;

And a great many other articles—two numerous to mention.

Always the Latest Novelties in

FANCY GOODS!

FOR GENTLEMEN, FOR GENTLEMEN, FOR GENTLEMEN.

A NEW ARRIVAL OF

CLOTHING!

FURNISHING GOODS!

BOOTS AND SHOES!

—AND—

HATS AND CAPS!

We request the people to give us a call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

A. NICKELSBURG & BRO.

Woodland, September 25th, 1873. se26

SOMETHING NEW!

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE COLLEGE, Woodland, Yolo County.

ADOLPH KIERSKI,

After sixteen years' experience in the Book, Stationery and Fancy Goods business, takes this method of informing the residents of Woodland and vicinity that he has opened an establishment at the above-named place, where can be found a full assortment of

CANDIES, of all descriptions,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
BOOKS,

Both Blank, Miscellaneous, Standard and Light Literature,

Toys and Fancy Goods,
—AND—
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

☞ **Notice to Parents!**

SCHOOL BOOKS
OF ALL KINDS,

Such as are used in the Colleges and Public Schools, to be had at the

Lowest San Francisco Prices.

Please Call and Examine Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

oc3-3m

Dr. Brenan.

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN,

Physician, Surgeon,

AND LECTURER, late of Philadelphia, the fountain head of all medical science in this country, who has spent the last thirteen years in traveling through all the principal cities in Europe and the United States, giving lectures and treating some of the most complicated and long-standing diseases, has now permanently located himself in the city of San Francisco, at

127 Montgomery Street,

Opposite the Occidental Hotel entrance. Although DR. BRENAN may differ considerably in his practice from many members of the Profession, yet he is possessed of the highest credentials from the most learned and celebrated Medical Colleges in the country; and all who have attended his lectures bear witness to the clear and lucid manner in which he defines every portion of the human frame, giving the reasons for the various diseases which the tissues of the human body are subject to, and illustrating every portion of the human system by the simple aid of a black board, thereby proving himself to be thoroughly acquainted with the anatomy of the human configuration. On these lectures the press of all our large cities have showered the highest encomiums of praise; and DR. BRENAN has been also greatly complimented by the leading physicians of the day. He has devoted much of his time and research to the diseases of the nervous system and reproductive organs, and also to general and nervous debility. And for this purpose DR. BRENAN spent several years in Paris, where the best facility is offered for the thorough investigation of the cause of these most complicated diseases. Nasal Catarrh and other diseases of the throat and chest have also been the subject of special lectures delivered throughout the country. The Doctor, therefore, offers his services with confidence to all the afflicted of humanity, who may suffer from any of the complaints incidental to the human frame. In addition to his own professional office and consultation room, the Doctor has also secured parlors affording every convenience for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen separately.

Office, 127 Montgomery street, opposite the Occidental Hotel Entrance. Office Hours—9 to 12 and 1 to 5; in the evening, 6 to 8.

Correspondence will be promptly answered, and a list of printed questions, forwarded to patients in any part of the United States, and by the answers DR. BRENAN can tell the disease almost as readily as by seeing the patient. Consultations at the office free. Post Office Box 291. se12-3m3p

PASTURAGE.

Good Pasturage can be had for gentle stock at Shearer's. Inquire at the Depot. je13-tf

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, Nov. 14th, 1873.

An Important Law.

The following law went into effect October 1st, 1872:

Be enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That no railroad company within the United States whose road forms any part of a line of road over which cattle, sheep, swine, or other animals shall be conveyed from one State to another, shall confine the same in cars, boats, or vessels of any description, for a longer period than twenty-eight consecutive hours, without unloading the same for rest, water, and feeding, for a period of at least five consecutive hours, unless prevented from so unloading by storm or other incidental causes. In estimating such confinement the time during which the animals have been confined without such rest or connecting roads from which they have been received shall be included, it being the intent of this act to prohibit their continuous confinement beyond the period of twenty-eight hours, except upon contingencies hereinbefore stated. Animals so unloaded shall be properly fed and watered during such rest by the owner or person having the custody thereof, or in case of his default in doing so then by the railroad company or owners or masters of boats or vessels transporting the same at the expense of said company, owners or masters shall in such cases have a lien upon such animals, for food, care and custody furnished, and shall not be liable for any detention of such animals authorized by this act. Any company, owner, or custodian of such animals who shall knowingly and wilfully fail to comply with the provisions of this act shall, for each and every such failure to comply with the provisions of this act, be liable for and forfeit and pay a penalty of not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars: *Provided,* That when animals shall be carried in cars, boats, or other vessels in which they can and do have proper food, water, space and opportunity for rest, the foregoing provisions in regard to their being unloaded shall not apply.

Other sections provide for enforcement of the law by U. S. Marshals and others.

THE NEW STEAM PLOW.—The Parvin plow for Morris Briel, of Dixon, arrived in Sacramento on Friday. The Union describes it as follows:

The plow is compact in construction, perhaps a little complicated in machinery, and weighs as it stands on the car at the depot, about five tons. The framework to which the plows are attached is hitched to the steam-wagon by which it is drawn along, and the greater weight of the whole apparatus is sustained by a wheel of peculiar construction located beneath the center of the forward part of the wagon. This wheel is formed of six iron shoes about four feet long and sixteen inches wide, so arranged at equal distances that two of them bear upon the ground at the same time, one with its full surface and the other with about half. Many farmers inspected the apparatus yesterday, and the general opinion was that it would operate successfully on ground of average quality, the only danger being that some of the wheels might bury.

A NEWSPAPER IN RHYME.—The most amusing and remarkable paper ever printed was the *Muse Historique* or *Rhyming Gazette* of Jaques Loret, which, for fifteen years, from 1850 to 1865, was issued weekly in Paris. It consisted of 550 verses, summarizing the week's news in rhyme, and treated of every class of subject, grave and gay. Loret computed, in 1863, the thirteenth year of his enterprise, that he had written over 300,000 verses, and found more than 700 different exordiums, for he never twice began his *Gazette* with the same entree in matter. He ran about the city for his own news, never failed to write good verses upon it, and never had anybody to help him, and his prolonged and always equal performance has been pronounced something unique in the history of journalism.

CHIPS OF THE OCTOBER ELECTIONS. The Louisville *Courier-Journal* sums up the result of the October elections as follows: "It seems that in Oregon, where Grant's majority was 4,089, ex-Senator Nesmith has 1,000 Democratic majority for Congress; in California where Grant's majority was 60,370, the radical Governor, Carpenter, is re-elected by about 20,000; in Brooke county, West Virginia, which gave Grant 83 majority, a Democrat was yesterday returned to the Legislature; in Pennsylvania, where Grant's majority was 137,548, the Republicans have elected Judge Gordon by about 21,000 majority; and in Ohio, where Grant's majority was 37,531, the full returns elect ex-Governor Allen by a small Democratic majority to succeed Governor Noyes."

THE Sacramento *Bee*, speaking of land monopoly, says: "It may be said, with truth, that the press of California is a unit on the proposition, that the monopoly of the soil is the great evil of the age; and each has its own plan to abrogate it. In a multitude of counsel there is wisdom. Hear all, and abide by that which is best. Talk this matter up—prepare it for the Legislature—smooth it by the friction of public debate, so that it may be in an acceptable form when the hour of action comes."

ONE ton (2,000 pounds avoirdupois) of gold or silver contains 29,163 Troy ounces, and therefore the value of a ton of pure gold is $602,799 21, and of a ton of silver $37,703 83. A cubic foot of pure silver weighs 656.25 pounds avoirdupois.

A PRIVATE letter from Berne, dated August 12th, received at London, says that Dr. Livingstone is a prisoner in Central Africa, held by the Saragi tribe in the interior, and is unable to pay the ransom demanded for his release.

A DISPATCH at St. Petersburg from Central Asia reports frightful scenes in Khiva upon the evacuation of the city by the Russian troops. The town was plundered and destroyed. Some 1,600 emancipated Persians were killed.

ON the voyage of the ship Clytie from Acapulco to San Francisco four of her crew died from fever and ague. Names of deceased were Robert Kennedy, John Evans, Chas. White and John Spencer.

SALLIE FAY, of Elmira, Ohio, is learning the carpenter's trade, and it is said that every young man in that locality is anxious to become a carpenter and join her.

SOME people have softening of the brain, but the world suffers more from those who have hardening of the heart.

THE FOLLOWING NAMED pieces are recommended as being among our latest and best issues:

MUSIC

Julia, 'tis of thee I sing	Song.	Hays.	35c
Why don't you come home	"	Hays.	40c
'Neath the Waves her Spirit wanders	"	Stewart.	30c
No little one to meet me	"	Pratt.	30c
Give my Love to all at Home	"	Stewart.	30c
Think of me sometimes, Maggie	"	Stewart.	30c
Softly shone the Stars of Heaven	"	Pratt.	30c

SENT

Dinna forget your Mither, Sandie	Song.	Hays.	40c
I long to see the dear old Home	"	Stewart.	30c
Little Sweetheart, come listen to me	"	French.	30c
My every Thought was of thee	"	Hays.	35c
Men are such Deceivers. Alto song, from Pauline	"	Danks.	30c
Stay not long away. Soprano song, from "Pauline."	"	Danks.	30c
To please the Girls. Baritone song from "Pauline".	"	Danks.	30c
My Heart for thee. Soprano song, from "Pauline."	"	Danks.	30c
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The undersigned having bought out his partner, Mr. Brogan, in the Furniture trade, will carry on the business as usual
At the Old Stand on Main St.,
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Where he will keep every description of
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!
And Sell at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES!
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Building and Fencing Lumber,
Shakes,
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DRYFUS & CO.,
Have in store a full stock of
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Which they offer to dealers and the public at wholesale rates as favorable as can be obtained anywhere on this Coast.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED,
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GOODS DELIVERED ON SHORT NOTICE.
Store opposite Bank of Woodland.
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Business that will Pay
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Is prepared to do all kinds of
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Will be found in our store at all times, and we shall keep fully up to the market in this department of trade.
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Are particularly in our line, and purchasers can rely upon getting the best the market affords.
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—AND—
Cabinet Shop
South side of Main street, next to the Woodland Market and opposite El Dorado Livery Stable,
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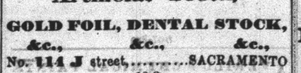

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Spring Matresses, Lounges, &c., constantly on hand and fitted up to order.
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Opposite Central Hall, near Capital Hotel.
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A Supply of
Bread, Cakes, Pies, Crackers,
Etc., always on hand, and delivered to any part of town if desired.
Balls and Parties
Supplied on short notice. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. au15

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Good Beef,
MUTTON, VEAL,

PORK, SAUSAGE, SALT MEATS, ETC.,
Constantly on hand. oc10-3m

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All kinds of Painting promptly and satisfactorily executed.
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TO THE NEW BUILDING
Directly west of Templars' Hall, and
Opposite the Old Stand.
J. G. SCHWALM,
Dealer in all kinds of
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
Respectfully invites the residents of Woodland and vicinity to call at his new quarters, where he is fully prepared to supply their wants with every article of
FAMILY GROCERIES
Of the best quality, and too numerous to mention in an advertisement; also,
Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Pork, Fish—Fresh and Salt,
PRESERVED MEATS
And the choicest Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco.
☞ *Depot of the National Brewery, of San Francisco.*
FRESH FISH EVERY THURSDAY.
se19-3m

NEW STORE.
New Goods and New Prices!
J. I. EATON,
(FORMERLY OF EATON & BRO.,)
Has just received and opened in the new building opposite the Masonic Hall, a new stock of
FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,
Which we offer for sale
For Cash, or in Thirty Days,
At prices to suit the times. I do my own work, and have no rent to pay, consequently can sell at low figures.
Goods Delivered in Any Part of the City.
☞ Store in the Grove, opposite the Masonic Building.
Woodland, July 18th, 1873. oc17-3m

J. A. WILSON, JOHN BAUER.
[*Late of Gosselgren & Wilson.*]
WILSON & BAUER,
Cor. 4th and J Sts.,
SACRAMENTO,
IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

FURNITURE!

BEDDING
AND MIRRORS!
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Solid Walnut Bedroom and Parlor Furniture!
DESKS AND BOOKCASES,
Of Every Description,
LOWER THAN SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
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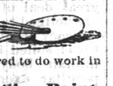

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Graining, Marbling, Sign-Painting, Kalsomining, Etc.
None but the best materials used in my work.
Also, Sole Agent in Yolo County for W. S. READ & CO'S
UNIVERSAL LIQUID SLATING
FOR BLACKBOARDS.
Old Boards Repaired, and new ones put up on Plaster or Wood.
E. HOERNLEIN.
☞ Office and Paint Shop adjoining Perry's Blacksmith Shop, First street, one door south of Odd Fellows' Block. au22-3m

J. H. BROGAN,
General Undertaker,

Having purchased the interest of Mr. Smith in this branch of the business, may be found at all times at the
Old Postoffice Building,
Opposite the Store of Geo. Lewald & Co.
Funerals Promptly Attended to,
—AND—
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
☞ He has the FINEST OF HEARSES.
J. H. BROGAN.
WOODLAND, June 8th, 1872. se5-3m

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.
Rag Carpet Manufactory.
The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.
PRICES.
I will weave Carpets for 50 cents per yard for fancy patterns, and 40 cents per yard for plain, and furnish the warp myself; if parties furnish the warp, from 20 to 30 cents per yard.
Flannel wove, cotton warp, 25 cts. per yard.
Orders left at Porter's store.
oc17-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

PACIFIC SALOON!
Chris. Seiber, - - Proprietor,
Successor to H. Zirker, deceased.
I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and respectfully invite all my friends and the public to come and see me.
PACIFIC SALOON,
Opp. the College, Main St., Woodland.
oc24-3m

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WM. PRICE & CO.,
IMPORTERS

AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines and Liquors,
No. 114 K street, between Second and Third,
oc17] SACRAMENTO. Em

$100 REWARD.

For any Incurable Case of Sickness where the Bones Are Not Destroyed.
DR. HENLEY'S REGULATOR!
The Great Family Medicine!
Every now and then some grand discovery bursts upon the world, scattering to the winds the theories and dogmas of the past, and inaugurating a new era in practical science. The discovery by DR. HENLEY, of the new species of herbs and roots which form the basis of this famous REGULATOR and gentle PURGATIVE, is one of those important events which change by their results the fixed opinions of centuries, and awaken the public mind to the consciousness that after having groped in the dark from time immemorial, it has at last found the light of truth, and has been made manifest by the wonderfully beneficial effect of this purely VEGETABLE REMEDY.
Dr. Henley's Regulator,
Though being a very MILD AND GENTLE PURGATIVE, is, nevertheless, sufficiently effective to purge the system of all impurities, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition; it rouses the LIVER AND KIDNEYS from their torpid state to action, is a sure cure for DYSPEPSIA AND HABITUAL COSTIVENESS, and is a perfect RENOVATOR and life giving principle of the whole body. The REGULATOR is *a Radical Cure for Fever and Ague,* and is not a drastic purge, such as Pills and other nostrums, sold as Cathartics, Physics, or other names attached to them, to mislead the public—prostrating the system and leaving the bowels in a worse state than before—but this mild and gentle purgative forces nature to cast off all poisonous and billious matter, without producing any griping or nauseating effect whatsoever, and leaving the entire mechanism of the human body in as regular a state as a clock, after its use, and by its TONIC properties build up the most delicate constitution, in a very short time.
The REGULATOR is easy of administering, prompt in its action, certain in its results, safe and reliable. A single trial will prove to the most skeptical its superiority over all other medicines of this class.
DR. WM. HENLEY.
H. EPSTEIN & Co., Proprietors,
518 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.
For Sale by all Dealers in Medicines. oc17-3m

THE VERY BEST
for
Family Sewing & General Work.
Unequalled for Manufacturing, the most simple, Quick & Effective.
An Indispensable Assistant in Every Household.
Adapted to Every Variety of Sewing
Possessing Special and Important Advantages over all others
GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES.
The Elastic Stitch.
Strong, durable and Admired by all.
The Shuttle Stitch alike on both sides prevented by accident.
Either Stitch reversible at the Ladies' & most useful Embroidery
Making one style of Stitch will be exchanged for the other, if the first choice does NOT SUIT.
Send for price list and sample of Sewing.
R. G. BROWN, Agent
116 MONTGOMERY ST.
SAN FRANCISCO.
CAL.
ap23-3m

FLORENCE.
Special attention is called to the great improvements made recently in this excellent Machine, and to the new and elegant styles of Cases added to our list.

FLORENCE.
For those who prefer a Machine feeding the work away from the operator, we now have one of that description, quiet, easy-running and having all the other peculiar excellencies of the other style.

FLORENCE
Is sure to please. If there is one within a thousand miles of San Francisco not working well, I will attend to it without any expense to the owner. SAMUEL HILL, Agt,

FLORENCE
Is the only Machine that can sew in more than one direction—having a reversible feed—a great advantage in fastening ends of seams, in quilting, etc.

FLORENCE.
Examine the Florence, or send for Circular and samples of Work before you purchase a Sewing Machine. BUY THE BEST!
Machines sold on liberal terms.

FLORENCE
SEWING MACHINES.
SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
No. 19 New Montgomery Street,
Grand Hotel Building, San Francisco.
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RICHARD SCHNEIDER,
TEACHER OF
Piano, Organ, Guitar and
VOCAL MUSIC!
TERMS:—$6.00 PER MONTH.
Pianos and Organs Tuned, Packed for shipment, Unpacked and Set-up. Pupils instructed at their residence.
For particulars please leave orders at Mr. J. L. Simpson's Drug and Bookstore, or address per post,
RICHARD SCHNEIDER,
Music Teacher,
au29-3m Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal.

THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

SUPPLEMENT.

VOL 6. WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1873. NO. 52.

Country Children.

Little fresh violets,
Born in the wild wood,
Sweetly illustrating
Innocent childhood;
Shy as the antelope—
Brown as a berry—
Free as the mountain air,
Romping and merry.

Blue eyes and hazel eyes
Peep from the hedges,
Shaded by sunbonnets,
Frayed at the edges;
Up in the apple trees,
Heedless of danger,
Manhood in embryo
Stares at the stranger.

Out in the hilly patch,
Seeking the berries—
Under the orchard trees,
Feasting on cherries;
Trampling the blossoms,
Down 'mong the grasses,
No voice to hinder them,
Dear lads and lasses.

No grim propriety—
No interdiction;
Free as the birdlings
From city restriction!
Coining the purest blood,
Strength'ning each muscle,
Donning health armor
'Gainst life's coming bustle.

Dear little innocents!
Born in the wildwood;
Oh, that all little ones
Had such a childhood!
God's blue spread over them,
God's garden beneath them;
No sweeter heritage
Could we bequeath them!

The Dead Town.

It was among the tangled ridges and ranges of the rugged mining region of Central Nevada, and the sun was but little more than two hours high, but getting higher and hotter every minute.

Along the deep ruts of the old wagon-road, which wound through a crooked valley, there were riding two men of widely-different exterior, although they were both sufficiently noteworthy in their way. The one in front, upon whose slow movements the other was rapidly gaining, was mounted on a stout old mule, whose dull ambition he continuously assisted with hearty thwacks of what was left of the stalk and lash of a worn-out "bull-whip;" and a curious sort of customer was he. His dress was an odd commingling of the rags and relics of civilized clothing with articles of Indian make, not to speak of sundry rude "improvements" that spoke probably of his own clumsy handiwork. His hat, for instance, consisted of a greasy and battered antelope-skin, stretched over an incomprehensible frame of willow-twigs and rusty wire, and had such a "flap-down" behind and such a "flap-up" in front as suited admirably a way the wearer had of bearing his snub nose high in air, as if he perpetually discovered something unpleasant in the surrounding atmosphere. It needed no second glance of an experienced eye to determine that *that* man had been a long time "in the mountains." In fact, he was just returning from a prospecting and mining tour of prolonged toil and peril, but of very satisfactory success; and there is no other time in his wild, adventurous life when your genuine miner so thoroughly appreciates his right to carry his nose in the air as high as he pleases. And yet our miner seemed to be in no particular hurry, for all his occasional applications to the tough hide of his old mule, and, least of all, did he seem disposed to avoid the man behind him.

The latter wore the uniform of a United States cavalry-officer, spick and span new, with the shoulder-straps of a captain, and a general appearance of having just been to the barber's, that was a strong contrast with the outward man of the mule-rider in front of him. He was well mounted on a sleek-skinned and perfectly-groomed fat gelding—quite too fat for use in a country like that. The captain, however, did not carry his nose in the air, but rather seemed inclined to send its long, sharp point ahead of him on a general scouting expedition of its own.

"Hullo, stranger!" shouted the man on the mule, as he turned half round in his tattered saddle; "I say, cap'n, my name's Bing. Do you know if this 'ere's the right road to Crooked Pine?"

"Can't say, my friend," replied the the captain; "never was here before, and I'm just riding on ahead of my men to see what I can find."

"Wall, then, cap'n, this 'ere *is* the right road to Crooked Pine, and I'm gwine right into that thar city myself, sure as my name's Bing."

"All right," growled the captain; "go in if you want to. I don't suppose any one will try to stop you."

"Won't they, though?" returned the man on the mule. "Wall, I reckon you never was into Crooked Pine in yer life, and I'm just gwine right in thar, I am. Mebbe it ain't a bad place for you, with yer army-blue on and yer cavalry fellers comin' close on behind ye. I ain't got no cavalry but this yer consarned old mule."

"Why," inquired the captain, aiming his long nose at the man on the mule, "is Crooked Pine such a dangerous place to get into?"

"You bet!" exclaimed Bing. "Why, cap'n, it's just the deadest town you ever hearn tell on. It growed powerful fast, it did. Thar was only a coyote-hole thar at first, an' the city sort o' growed up around that—a little the quickest you ever seen. Allers full o' human coyotes, too, arter they'd skeered off the four-footed ones. I've been thar more'n once, and now I'm gwine agin. I'm gwine right into that thar town."

"But what do you want to go there for if it is such a dangerous sort of place?" asked the captain.

"Wall, you see, cap'n," said Bing, with a species of snort, "that's just whar the rub comes. You see, Crooked Pine's just the deadest sort of town, and it's the on'y place whar the boys ever made out to git a white skeer onto old Bing. They just did that more'n a year ago. They gobbled my pile fust, and then they run me clean out of Crooked Pine, and thus I took to the mountings, and I've been thar pretty much ever since. I've had the tallest kind of good luck, but I shan't be comfortable in my mind till I've been back to Crooked Pine. I'm gwine to ride this 'ere old mule right into that thar town, I am, sure as my name's Bing, and we're a'most thar, now."

The captain's curiosity was evidently somewhat excited by what he had heard, and his long nose was now aimed pointedly up the valley, which was widening out upon a sort of plateau of no very wonderful extent, and there were certainly evidences of some sort of settlement. The land around, here and there, looked even as if at some time or other an effort had been made to put it under fence and cultivation.

"Is that the city of Crooked Pine?" asked the captain of the mule-rider.

"No, sir-ree," replied Bing; "we ain't into Crooked Pine. Not yet we ain't; but I'm gwine to ride right in *thar* on this 'ere old mule. This 'ere place is on'y the grave-yard, and, I tell you, they need one, for it's just the deadest town you ever seen."

"Isn't it a healthy place?" asked the captain, with an uneasy twitch of the point of his nose.

"Healthy?" exclaimed Bing. "Did you ever hear of an onhealthy place among these mountings? Crooked Pine is a healthy place, you bet, on'y fellers don't seem to live long thar, that's all. It's just the deadest place you ever seen, and I tell you they scared old Bing, they did. But I'm gwine to ride right in thar, I am."

"Thought you said this place was the graveyard," remarked the captain, veering his nose slowly round the compass.

"Wall, an' so it is," said Bing; but over yonder's the on'y patch that 'pears to be well planted. Look at them sticks? Lots of 'em! Them with a hole bored into 'em means a revolver. Them that's notched as deep all 'round says how the feller himself got notched, over to Crooked Pine. Thar's some on 'em looks as if the boys didn't know what hurt 'em. You see, cap'n, Crooked Pine is just the deadest town; but I'm gwine to ride right in thar onto this old mule."

And now, as they rode somewhat more rapidly forward, the captain's nose became more pointedly inquiring than ever. Houses there were, scattered here and there, with some wild sort of reference to a possible street, and some of them were even of that ambitious sort where one story tries to climb to the dignity of two. There were frame-buildings, with marvelously-sprawling signs—most of them "hotels," "halls," "shades," and miners' paradises of that sort; but some were apparently intended for legitimate business—"dry-goods emporiums," and the like, not to speak of three or four "banks," and a "Crooked Pine branch-mint and assay-office."

"That thar's whar they used to keep the tiger," said Bing. "It was right about thar that the skeer took me. But whar on yearth are all the boys gone to?"

Well he might ask, for, although the captain's nose had pointed everywhere, not the first sign of an inhabitant had as yet made its appearance.

"What can be the matter?" exclaimed the captain. "Are you sure that it was such a healthy place?"

"Healthy?" said Bing. "Wall, now, you kin just bet. Anyhow, I've come and rid right straight into Crooked Pine. Hullo, if thar ain't somebody stirrin'! Tell ye what, cap'n, I was beginning to git a little skeered agin, every thing looked so consumed lonesome."

Even as he was speaking, a battered, grizzled, unkempt, unwashed specimen of elderly humanity came limping toward them, bearing in his hand a rusty old double-barreled shot-gun.

"Look out," whispered Bing to the captain; "thar's no counting onto these yer Crooked Pine boys. They're most likely layin' low for somethin'."

Then he added, aloud:

"I say, stranger, whar hev all the boys gone ter? What's got inter Crooked Pine?"

"Is that you, Bing?" drawled the man with the shot-gun. "Why, whar hev you been? Nothin' ain't got inter this yer place—that ain't what's the matter—but every livin' soul 'cept me has got out of it. Old Bing, I tell yer, Crooked Pine is a dead town."

"You don't say!" exclaimed Bing, with what the captain took for a groan; but the latter aimed his nose at the man with the shot-gun, and asked him:

"What did the town die of, and what made you stay here after it was dead?"

"Die of?' drawled the shot-gun man—"die of? Why, they've made another town, twenty mile away, over onto the new roleraid; and they do say it beats this yer city all holler. What made me stay? Why, stranger, I never seen a roleraid, and I don't want to; and so, when the boys begun to clar out for that thar new city, I just bought thar improvements. I got some on 'em powerful cheap, I did, an' I won three hotels at one raffle, I did. Biggest luck you ever seen! And I kep' on and on, buyin' and winnin', till I reckon I own the whole town, and the graveyard too. It's a fine graveyard, and it's got an awful good start; but it's just the deadest town you ever seen. What do I stay for? Why, what should I go for? Don't I own the hull of Crooked Pine?"

"Cap'n," said Bing, mournfully, "I reckon he's telling the truth. I've known this yer sort of thing to happen before. Do ye know what I'm gwine to do?"

"No, I don't," said the captain.

"Wall, you kin wait for yer cavalry-men, if you want ter. I'm gwine to ride right into that thar other town, on this old mule. I'll ride right in thar, Mebbe I kin find some of the boys, and anyhow I want to see if thar roleraid kin put another white skeer onto old Bing. Cap'n, Crooked Pine's just the deadest town I ever see."

"Whack" went the stub-whip on the tough hide of the old mule, and on went Bing, as if he knew his way and disdained further information; and, while the old man with the shot-gun stood looking dreamily and wistfully after him, the captain wheeled his horse, gave him a sharp dig of the spur, and galloped briskly away down the valley, from the lower end of which there came just then the far-away, faint, ghostly notes of a cavalry-bugle. It was as if even music refused to be lively in so dead a town as Crooked Pine.—*Appleton's Journal.*

An Impromptu Wedding.—A Missouri paper gives a detailed account of how a betrothed couple were persuaded to anticipate the day set for their wedding, and to have the ceremony abruptly performed at a birth-day party, at which they chanced to be guests. It says: "Recorder Theis was also present, and as soon as he saw the young couple come in, with an eye to business he suggested that if any one was present who wished to be married, he was at their service. The young couple at once took the hint. The young man was willing, but the maiden was backward and would not consent. Adam concluded to use a little diplomacy, so he says: 'I will make a present of a $85 cooking stove to any couple that I shall marry to-night.' This proposition so delighted the company that others commenced offering presents. F. G. Mueller said, 'I will give a nice bureau;' F. G. Ahlers, 'And I a spring mattress; Fischer, the hatter, 'Call on me for a rocking-chair;' Miller, the gunsmith, 'I'll give a set of cushion-bottom chairs;' Mr. Volk, 'and here's an extension table;' Mrs. Anna Neitbock 'I'll give a fifty-dollar bedstead;' Mr. Gatz, 'Put me down for a fine looking-glass;' Mrs. Mitchell, 'Here's a breakfast set;' Miss Fritz Nietebock, 'I'll give a clock,' and so they went on until the presents in the aggregate amounted to about $400, the young couple meanwhile blushing and hardly knowing what to say or do. Several friends of the young lady got around her, and told her she would not again such a favorable opportunity to 'make a start in the world;' and just as the party was breaking up, about eleven o'clock, Mr. Hunstock, who seemed to be working in Adam's interest and urging on the match, came round to the Recorder, and whispered in his ear: 'Stop a leedle, dot's all right—by chinks, we got a vedding anyhow poody soon!' Adam called a halt, the company stood still in hats and bonnets, while the Recorder proceeded and said: 'I pronounce you man and wife, and may God bless you,' and Miss Stierin was Mrs. Green, to the intense delight of all present."

Disease and Diet in the West.—There can be no doubt that, with certain climatic conditions, virgin soil, when first turned up to the sun, emits an invisible, subtle poison, known as malaria. This poison produces in man various forms of painful and dangerous diseases. These maladies are very difficult to manage, often undermining the constitution, and leaving behind effects which remain through life. The malarial poison is, with perhaps a single exception, the most insinuating, obstinate, and destructive of all the poisons known to man. While it is probably impossible to escape malarial diseases in certain localities, there can be no doubt that a considerable part of what is supposed to be the result of malaria, is due to "hog and hominy." In my visits to the West, I have been astonished at the quantities of pork and corn consumed by the people. An Illinois farmer eats twice as much as a New England farmer, and his food is twice as rich, while he performs less than half the labor. The influence upon his digestive apparatus may be easily imagined. It requires but little malaria to fire such a train. I have known more than one family to remove from New England to malarious districts in the West, and break up a new farm, without suffering from malarial diseases. They carefully observed the laws of health, used beef instead of pork, wheat instead of corn, and stayed in-doors from sundown till an hour or so after sunrise. Many of the diseases of the West, and much of the yellow skin, may be traced to the same causes as produce the diseased and discolored complexion of the South—a bad diet, bad drinks, neglect of bathing, and other kindred violations of the laws of health.—*Dio Lewis in To-day.*

During a recent visit to England, I was surprised and pained at the many evidences of cruelty among the people. I stood on the corner of Regent and Oxford Streets two hours, and counted the number of cuts received by horses. It was four hundred and sixty-eight, and the whips used by the cab-drivers there are very severe. When I returned to America, I spent the first two spare hours (which happened to be the busiest of the day for the street) on the corner of Broadway and Canal Streets, in New York, and counted the number of whip-cuts within the range of my vision. It was fourteen, and the whips used by New York drivers are nothing compared with those used by the London drivers. During seven weeks in London I saw a woman beaten by a man in the street nine times. I have never witnessed such brutality in America. The new game of Polo on horseback, inaugurated last summer in the presence of royalty and uncounted nobility, on the Grand Park at Windsor Castle, I witnessed. The cruel tortures to which the beautiful ponies were subjected would not be permitted in the United States. Not only would ladies and respectable men refuse to look on and approve, but the authorities would be compelled to interfere. Still, in some of the highest ladies' schools in England, grown women are whipped, and in the colleges the beating of the younger boys by the older would not be submitted to by American savages. It is not matched by anything in history.—*Dio Lewis in To-day.*

Scientists look with much interest on the results obtained by the Polaris. No other attempt has approached the pole so near. The Polaris went beyond the eighty-second degree. It has dispelled the notion of an open Polar Sea, the supposed sea proving to be only a sound, some seventy or eighty miles long and fifty or sixty wide, which the Polaris not only reached, but entered and passed miles beyond.

HOUSEHOLD.

The Weakness of our Girls.—We have in the city an army of dependent, unmarried women, who, if brought up individually, would, in reply to certain questions, answer as follows:

"What can you do?"

"Oh, most anything you please."

"But tell me particularly."

"Why I can do all sorts of work."

"Well, there's dentistry, teaching, type-setting, watch-cleaning, engraving, and—"

"Oh, I don't mean such things, but I can do any common work."

"Can you cook?"

"Well, not much; and then I don't like cooking."

"Can you do fine needlework?"

"No, but then I can do plain sewing."

"Can you make men's shirts?"

"Oh, no, I can't do that; but then I can sew on pillow-cases and sheets, if you will show me just what you want me to do."

"Can you do chamber-work?'

"A little, but then I don't like going out to service."

"I don't see, then, that you can do anything but a little plain sewing, and for that you want a superintendent. There are at least five hundred occupations in this city which women could follow and earn an independent living thereby. You come seeking employment, and finally inform me that with superintendence you can do a little plain sewing, a thing which a young man can learn in three days."—*Dio Lewis in To-day.*

Neatness.—In its essence, and purely for its own sake, neatness is found in a few. Many a man is neat for appearance sake; there is an instinctive feeling that there is power in it. When a man consults a physician or a lawyer for the first time, or comes to rent a house or borrow money, he will come in his best dress; a lady will come in her carriage. A man that means business and honesty comes as he is, just as you will find him in his store, his shop, his counting-house. The most accomplished gamblers dress well; the most enterprising swindlers are faultlessly clothed, but countless multitudes are but white-washed sepulchres. Too many "don't care, so long as it will not be seen." Washington Allston, the great artist, the accomplished gentleman, suddenly left his friend standing at the door of a splendid Boston mansion as they were about entering for a party, because he had just remembered that he had a hole in his stocking. It could not be seen or known, but the very knowledge of its existence made him feel that he was less a man than he ought to be; gave him a feeling of inferiority.

Where you see a neat, tidy, cleanly, cheerful dwelling, there you will find a joyous, loving, happy family. But if filth and squalor, and a disregard for refining delicacies of life prevail in any household, there will be found in the moral character of the inmates much that is low, degrading, unprincipled, vicious and disgusting. Therefore as we grow in years, we ought to watch eagerly against neglect of cleanliness in person, and tidiness in dress.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

Feather Cake.—I also make a cake we call feather cake, that is quite nice and cheap. One teacupful of sugar (I always use granulated sugar), one tablespoonful of butter, one egg, scant half-teacupful of sweet milk in which is dissolved a heaping teaspoonful of royal baking powder. It makes one large loaf.

Sugar Cookies.—One and a-half cups sugar; half cup milk; a small cup butter; one egg; one teaspoon cream tartar; half teaspoon soda; half a teacup caraway seed. Mix pretty well, cut into small cakes and bake.

Rice Pudding.—One and one-half cups rice, one cup sugar, one egg, four quarts sweet milk, one quarter nutmeg. Bake three hours and stir often until it is half done. This pudding is very nice when eaten cold, as well as warm.

Jelly or Tea Cake.—Three cups of white sugar, three eggs, one cup butter, one cup milk, one teaspoon of soda, four cups of flour sifted. Beat up well and bake in shallow tins. Flavor to taste.

Excellent Drop Cakes.—Two cups sugar; one cup sour milk; three teaspoons soda; two eggs, one teaspoon of cloves, one teaspoon cinnamon. Stir very thick and drop on buttered tins.

Fat Wives.—The people in portions of Africa have many curious customs and superstitions. Among the former may be mentioned the fashion of having fat wives. Being introduced to a great chief's wife, Speke thus describes her: "I was struck with the extraordinary dimensions, yet pleasing beauty, of the immoderately fat fair one. She could not rise, and so large were her arms that the flesh between the joints hung down like large, loose, stuffed puddings."

The chief, pointing to his wife, said: "This is the product of our milk-pots; from early youth upward we keep these pots to their mouths, as it is the fashion at court to have very fat wives."

A sister-in-law of the King was a perfect wonder of hypertrophy. She was unable to stand, except on all-fours. Speke unblushingly requested permission to measure her. This the result:

"Round the arm, twenty-three inches; chest, fifty-two inches; thigh, thirty-one inches; calf, twenty inches; height, five feet, eight inches. All of these are exact except the height, and I believe I could have obtained this more accurately if I could have laid her on the floor. Not knowing what difficulties I should have to contend with in such a piece of engineering, I tried to get her height by raising her up. This, after infinite exertions on the part of us both, was accomplished, when she sank down again fainting, for her blood had rushed into her head. Meanwhile the daughter had sat before us sucking at a milk-pot, on which the father kept her at work by holding the rod in his hand; for, as fattening is the first duty of fashionable female life, it must be duty enforced by the rod, if necessary."

ANECDOTES.

Anecdotes of Public Worthies—George Washington.—One day in a fit of abstraction the juvenile George cut down Bushrod's favorite cherry tree with a hatchet. His purpose was to cut and run.

But the old gentleman came sailing round the corner of the barn just as the future Father of his Country had started on the retreat.

"Look here, sonny," thundered the stern old Virginian, "who cut that tree down?"

George reflected a moment. There wasn't another boy or another hatchet within fifteen miles. Besides, it occurred to him that to be virtuous is to be happy. Just as Washington senior turned to go in and get his horsewhip, our little hero burst into tears, and, nestling among his father's coat-tails, exclaimed, "Father, I cannot tell a lie. It must have been a frost!"

"My son, my son," stammered the fond parent as he made a pass for his offspring, "when you get to be first in war and first in peace, just cover your back-pay into the Treasury, and the newspaper press will respect you!"

Abraham Lincoln.—Early in the war a party of distinguished gentlemen from New England called on Mr. Lincoln to urge the appointment of a certain Mr. Brown to the post of quartermaster. The President, who was amusing himself by splitting portions of the staircase of the White House into rails, received them cordially. They stated their errand in an earnest but respectful tone, and calmly awaited his answer. Mr. Lincoln, drawing himself up to his full height and clapping the spokesman of the party on the shoulder, began to tell a story about a dog-fight he once saw in Kentucky.

By and by it had gradually grown dark; several hours had passed away, and neither dog appeared to get killed or to gain any advantage over the other. One by one the party had dropped out, till the leader (who did not wish to disturb Mr. Lincoln's hold on his shoulder) was left alone, trying to conceal a yawn and to look interested. Suddenly, Mr. Lincoln, with that peculiar smile on his countenance which Mr. Carpenter can talk about, but can't paint, remarked, "By the way, my friend, I'm sorry for Brown, but I gave that appointment to the other man yesterday."—*Lippincott's Magazine.*

A Tricky Atmosphere.—Much has been written about the frauds that Colorado's clear atmosphere plays upon strangers, and the delusions into which it leads them. The story of a man who started from a Denver hotel to walk to the mountain, some fifteen miles distant, before breakfast, has doubtless been repeated by every correspondent who has written from the Territory. But there is a better one of older date. Before the days of railroads, the stages used to stop at "Church's Tavern," about eight miles north of Denver and ten northwest of Golden. One day there left the stage at this tavern two passengers bound for the latter city, the one an old settler, the other a new comer. The latter inquired where Golden was, and after the mountain peaks immediately overhanging that little city had been pointed out to him, asked how far off it was. When the answer, "ten miles," came, he bestowed upon his informant a look which plainly told that he lamented his deranged judgment and demented condition generally, and then immediately started off at pace a man naturally takes when he has only about a mile to walk, and is in a hurry to reach his destination. The other Golden-bound traveler followed at a slower and more judicious pace, and at the end of the fourth mile, came upon his impatient fellow-traveler seated on a stone, taking a rest. The latter made no comment upon the information that he had six miles more to walk, but meekly and sorrowfully resumed his way at the slower pace of the experienced Colorado pedestrian. Soon the two came to a ditch about five feet wide. The old settler jumped across, and on turning around, and seeing his companion, with boots off and trowsers rolled up, carefully wading through, naturally inquired why he "didn't jump over." The quick reply came, in no dulcet tones, "How did I know the thing was not forty feet across?"

Umbrellas for Africa.—A manufacturing firm at Glasgow, Scotland, have recently made two palanquin umbrellas of enormous size. They are nearly thirty-three feet in circumference, sufficient to afford protection to about twenty-five persons. One is made of a fine damask silk, with a handsome variegated wool fringe nine inches deep. The other one is made of a rep silk, with a pure silver fringe, and lined with white silk. At the top of each is a handsome gilt ornament; the ribs are of whalebone, each thick enough for a walking cane. The stick, which is of birchwood, ornamented and polished, is five yards long, is jointed in the centre to make the umbrella more portable, and has a heavy spike in the end for fixing in the ground. The umbrellas, estimated at about $250 each, have been ordered by a firm trading in Africa, and are supposed to be designed for presents for some chiefs.

A gentleman of wealth, one day, while practicing penmanship, wrote his name upon a blank slip of paper, and allowed it to lie upon his desk. It attracted the attention of a neighbor, who, for a joke, filled the space above the signature in the form of a promissory note, and a few days afterward presented the paper, with an offer to allow considerable discount if the apparent drawer would cash it at that time. The gentleman recognized the joke, and the holder of the document, placing it in his pocket, departed, and nothing more was said about it. Subsequently the holder was suddenly stricken with paralysis and died, and his executors finding the note, and having no knowledge of the joke attached to it, brought suit and recovered the sum—$500—for which it was drawn, thus illustrating the danger of persons carelessly writing their names on blank scraps of paper.

The Nile.

The sources of the Nile are contained in the rain-clouds of the equator, which pour themselves down on the forest-plateau, form into a thousand rivers, and finally collect in enormous lakes, the precise number and importance of which are yet to be determined. From Baker's Albert Nyanza—the most northerly in latitude, and lowest in level, of these inland seas—the Nile runs toward Europe, and plunges into the Sahara. From its great equatorial reservoirs it receives a sufficiency of water to maintain its existence throughout this land of fire, where all other rivers are speedily extinguished. But the Nile not only flows through the Sahara, it also overflows the flat country lying near its mouth, and, casting mud on the surface of the sand, creates that meadow which is called Egypt.

Now this black mud does not come from the lands of the equator; the waters of the Nile are clear, or *white*; and although the lakes can keep the Nile alive in its journey through the desert, they cannot make it overflow. Whence then proceed these rich soil-laden and redundant waters to the weary Nile?

On the right-hand side of that flowing river, between its waters and the Red Sea, a cluster of mountains rises in the air. These are the Highlands of Ethiopia—the romantic Abyssinia, the Switzerland of Africa; and down these hilly slopes, at a certain season of the year, rush two noisy streams—the Blue or Black Nile, and the Atbara—which, stripping their country of its black upper soil, fall into the Nile, and bestow upon it such a wealth of water, that, as soon as it escapes from the rocky walls which line its course in the Nubian Desert, it is forced to overflow.

Thus the Nile is created by the rainfall of the equator, and Egypt by the rainfall of the tropics. If the White Nile did not exist, the Black Nile would be nothing—it would perish in the sand. But if the Black Nile did not exist, the White Nile would be merely a barren river in a sandy plain, with some Arab encampments on its banks.—*Winwood Reade's "African Sketch-book."*

The Election of a Pope.—As soon as the Pope dies, says a writer in the *Leisure Hour*, the cardinal-chamberlain or *camerlingo*, calls out to him three times in the presence of several members of the council, addressing him by his proper name, "Art thou dead?" Then answering for the deceased, he exclaims, "He is dead!" and taking the fisherman's ring, as the seal of the Pope is called, breaks it. The bell of the capitol is tolled, and the news is dispatched to foreign governments and absent cardinals, which latter are invited to the conclave for a new election. While the vacancy continues, the *camerlingo* exercises the supreme authority. The cardinals who have been created by the defunct pontiff put on as mourning, serge robes of a violet color, while such as were created by his predecessors wear green faced with red. The dead body is washed and embalmed, and taken to the Pauline chapel of the Vatican, where it is arrayed in the pontifical habits, after which it is taken to St. Peter's and placed in the Sistine chapel, on a splendid bed of state, surrounded by burning tapers night and day, and by priests who pray for the soul of the departed. The people meanwhile crowd to kiss his feet. On the ninth day after death the body is put into a coffin with coronation medals in gold, silver and brass, to show that death equals all things. After the funeral ceremonies, the coffin is removed to a church which is said to have been founded by Constantine the Great, and there left till it is deposited in the tomb prepared for it. After the nine days of funeral rites all cardinals who can possibly be present in Rome meet together to go into conclave. Before entering, they visit St. Peter's, where the mass of the Holy Spirit is sung, and an oration delivered on the election of a pontiff. They then return to the Vatican, where the hymn, "Veni, Creator," is sung, and certain prayers are rehearsed, and the bull for the election is read.

American Sleeping-Cars in Europe.—The Continental Railroad Companies have at last awakened to the necessity of sleeping-cars on their railroads. Col. W. D. Mann, of the United States, is the prime mover in the movement, and has commenced the introduction of sleeping-cars on the Pullman system, which bids fair to be as successful as that company has been on the other side of the Atlantic. It is called the Mann Boudoir Car Company, and they have established extensive shops are Brussels. Thus far they have turned out but few cars, though a large number are in a course of construction. The engineers of Europe persist in limiting the length of the car to thirty-five feet, about half the length of our palace-cars, and consequently the company has been compelled to build their cars on this scale. The body of the car is divided into four separate compartments or staterooms, each capable of being converted at night into four couches, and thus carrying but sixteen persons. One of these cars has just returned from an experimental trip of 2,000 miles on the Continent, filled with Parisian editors, all of whom are extravagant in their laudations of its comfort and convenience, and express wonder that they have not been introduced sooner by the railroad companies.

A down-east farmer, known far and wide by his patriotic title, had a neighbor who was in the habit of working on Sundays, but after a while this Sabbath breaker joined the church. One day our friend met the minister to whose church he belonged. "Well, Uncle Sam," said he, "Do you see any difference in Mr. P—— since he joined the church?" "Oh, yes," said Uncle Sam, "a great difference. Before, when he went out to mend his fences on Sunday, he carried his axe over his shoulder, but now he carries it under his coat."

Great souls attract calamity as mountains the the thunder-cloud; but while the storm bursts upon them, they are the protection of the plain beneath.

A Faithful and Affectionate Rat.

The Whitehall *Times* tells this story: There is in Whitehall a family who have a little daughter two and a half years old, who has formed a singular attachment for a rat. Every day this little one goes into the woodshed adjoining the house, where a large, venerable-looking rat makes its appearance, when the innocent little child proceeds to feed it from her chubby hand. The parents have caught their little one feeding its protege several times of late, yet, on the approach of any other than the little girl, the rat scampers off to its hole. Several efforts have been made by the child's parents to dispatch the singular companion of their darling, for it was feared that the child might get bitten by it. Last Sunday the rat showed its affection and guardian care of the little one's comfort, as the following will show: The child's mother put it to sleep in its cradle in the kitchen, going to another room in the house, leaving the sleeping child alone. She was gone some time. On her return she cast her eyes on the child, when she was surprised to observe the rat standing perched upon the top of the cradle, moving its tail over the little sleeper. The mother, wishing to see what the "varmint was up to," stood and watched its movements, peeping through the door, which was only partly opened. She observed a number of flies above the child's face, when two lit on the little one, whereat the kind rat whisked them off with its tail. Wishing to make sure, the lady quietly called her husband, and the two stood watching the proceedings for at least ten minutes. Every time a fly dared to alight on the little one's face that old rat's friendly tail would brush it away, like the guardian angel hovering about us, who, we believe, is constantly brushing away dangers that threaten us poor mortals. It was thought safe by the child's parents to leave the child in charge of its singular nurse, and for one hour the little one slept. When it awoke its mother went to take it up, and the rat jumped from the cradle and sped away through the half opened door to the wood-shed. Since that time the child has been put to sleep in the kitchen to ascertain if the experiment would be repeated. Each time when left alone, with the shed door partially open, the old rat would enter and take up its position over the head of the cradle, watching the little sleeper, and brushing away the flies who dared to trouble its charge.

A Funny Temperance Case.—In Akron, O., I heard of a funny temperance case. A rumseller whom I will call Hi Church, because he was "high" most of the time, had been sued several times for damage done by his rum on citizens of the town. One man came out drunk and smashed in a big glass window. He was too poor to pay for it, and the owner came against Church. A boy about sixteen got drunk and let a horse run away with him, breaking his arm. His father made Church pay the damages. A mechanic got drunk and was killed on the railroad track, and his wife sued Church for $2,000, and got it. A farmer got drunk and was burned in his barn on the hay. His son sued Church and recovered. Church got sick of paying out so much money for personal and property damages. It ate up all the rumseller's profits. Still, he acknowledged the law to be a statute, and that it made him responsible for all the damage done by his rum. He used to argue, also, that sometimes his rum did people good, and then he said he said he ought to receive something back.

One day Lawyer Thompson got to drinking. Thompson was mean, like most lawyers, and when he died of the *delirium tremens* there wasn't much mourning in Akron. There wasn't anybody who cared enough for Thompson to sue Church for damage done. So, one day, Church went before the Court himself.

"What does Mr. Church want?" asked the Justice.

"I'll tell yer what, Jedge," commenced the rumseller, "when my rum killed that thar mechanic Johnson and farmer Mason, I cum down like a man. I paid the damage and squared up like a Christian—now didn't I, Jedge?"

"Yes, you paid the damage, Mr. Church; but what then?"

"Wall, Jedge, my rum did a good deal to 'rds killin' lawyer Thompson now, and it 'pears ter me when I kill a lawyer I kinder oughter get a rebait."—*Eli Perkins in the Graphic.*

Petty Pomposity.—I am led to believe that petty pomposity is one of the most unendurable of the minor unpleasantnesses. The mildest case of this kind which I can at this moment recall is, at the same time, so obnoxious that, I regret to say, I can hardly bring myself to a proper frame of mind for its calm discussion. I think I must be peculiarly sensitive to this style of social nuisance, because so few of my friends fully sympathize with my antipathy. Indeed, there is so much diffidence in the manner of the pompous gentleman I have in my mind—it is such a gentle tragedy—that there are many who do not perceive, or else are not in the least discomfited by, the thing that irritates me so. Perhaps my own self-consciousness helps me to detect the same quality in others; and perhaps the manner to which I allude is rather the outgrowth of a large self-consciousness than anything else. It may be this that affects the tone of his voice and conversation, to whose murmurous common-places he seems to be listening with a sweet content. He says a thing, not in order to convey an idea (supposing him possessed of such an anomaly), but that the air may be burdened with the soft and measured tones of his utterance, as with a soothing song, bringing delight to his own ears, and, incidentally, to those of his auditors. Thus his simplest question or remark—as to the price of huckleberries, or the imminence of rain—has a cadence all its own. The thing that maddens me is that this fellow of no accomplishment arrogates the subdued grandeur of a hero; he thinks to wear that fine flower of gentility which has its roots only in a chivalrous life.—*Scribner's.*

(From the Commercial Herald.)

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

The exhibits of October show that our exports to the United Kingdom for the month exceeded one million of centals of Wheat, while our shipments of Flour and Barley to different marts were also liberal. Judging from the number of vessels on the berth, and the ample supply of available tonnage in port, we are prepared to see like results for November, and possibly we may average the loading of a ship a day to the end of the year. We have a large quantity of Wheat in city warehouse, and in towns adjacent, available at any moment when required for shipment. A very considerable portion of this Wheat was bought a long time since at 2c ₱ ℔ and upward, although we are cognisant of a single time purchase, a few days since, by a shipper, of 5,000 tons, deliverable on the first day of this month, at $2 30 ₱ ctl. The arrivals of Wheat from the interior do not keep pace with the flow outward, and for this reason the daily offerings are light, and the local millers find some difficulty in procuring such supplies as they need for the manufacture of Extra Flour. Receipts of both Wheat and Flour from Oregon are continued, while the direct exports from the Columbia River show a considerable increase over past seasons, and this will no doubt continue to be the case in the future, particularly as the fact becomes known that ships of the largest class can load at Astoria without lighterage. The steamship John L. Stephens now makes regular trips to Astoria, her last cargo down consisting of 2,127 sks Wheat, 1,200 sks Oats, 4,820 hf and 4,925 qr sks Flour, and a large amount of other produce. Barley continues in favor for all A 1 descriptions, bright and heavy, while for inferior Coast Feed supplies accumulate and prices ease off. Oats are the turn dearer, while Corn, Rye, and Buckwheat continue without movement. Potatoes are in free supply and prices droop. Onions are in good demand and firm in price. Vegetables in general are plentiful, but for certain reasons the Italian gardeners are holding back their usual daily supply of cabbages, etc. This is, however, but a temporary fight, when the markets will again be stocked with assorted vegetables. There is a decided lull in the Wool market, with the largest Fall clip ever sheared. The opening price was cheering, but before the trade was fully established the Eastern panic came and dispelled all our fond hopes, with a stock of 24,000 bales, or an estimated clip of 10,000,000 ℔s. The present outlook is cheerless. Hides and Leather sympathize in some degree with this depression.

FLOUR—The market is strong for all descriptions, and prices a shade higher than at the close of October. The ship Staffordshire carries a full cargo—say the bulk of 20,000 bbls Extra—to Liverpool. The Oriflamme has cleared for same with 19,784 hf sks Extra; the Eden for same, with 14,333 hf and 410 qr sks do. The steamship Colorado for Hongkong carried 15,240 qr sks Superfine, 100 hf sks and 247 bbls Extra; also for Japan, 1,150 qr sks, 594 hf sks and 213 bbls. The brig Melancthon from Columbia River brought 329 hf sks. Purchases include 5,000 bbls Oregon Extra (Harrisburg Mills), to be delivered at Portland, on private terms. The J. B. Ford for Chamberico carried 1,000 hf and 6,000 qr sks silk-dressed Extra. Sales for the week include 2,500 bbls Golden Age, 2,500 bbls Golden Gate, 2,500 bbls El Dorado Mills, 2,500 bbls Vallejo Star Mills, 1,000 bbls Yuba Mills, all for export, private. We quote Superfine, $5 87½@5 90; Extra Superfine, $6 75@6; Baker and Family Extra $6 80@6 75—jobbing rate, $7.

WHEAT—The market is strong with a rising tendency, owing to improved Liverpool quotations and the easing off of freights, coupled with light offerings and light daily receipts. Purchases for the period under review embrace the following, in lots: 2,000 sks fair milling, $2 25; 3,000 sks do coast, $2 20; 25,000 sks choice (part Oregon) at $2 25; 1,000 sks Utah, $2 25; 15,000 sks fair shipping, $2 25; 2,500 sks choice milling, $2 27½; 34,000 sks, reported as Vallejo at $2 27½; 5,500 sks milling, $2 25; 15,000 sks extra choice, $2 30. The closing quotation, $2 10@2 25 ₱ ctl. The latest Liverpool quotation for average is 12s 10d@12s; club, 12s 3d @12s 6d. Oregon receipts include cargo per brig Perpetua, 6,182 sks, 3,127 sks per J. L. Stephens, etc. The ship Cutwater has sailed for Columbia River to load 1,400 tons, purchased of Kinney Brothers. Freight to United Kingdom from Portland, £4 5s. The Wheat was bought at 60s 6d, c. f. and i.

BARLEY—The demand is good for all bright heavy brewing and Chevalier, and for these descriptions good prices are maintained, with free sales, but for all dark coast and inferior feed parcels sales are difficult and prices droop. For the week we note the following transactions, in lots, part for New York account: 1,000 sks coast feed, $1 30; 1,500 sks do, $1 25@1 27½; 1,500 sks choice bright for New York, $1 65; 5,000 sks choice brewing, $1 65; 3,000 sks do, $1 65; 1,500 sks coast feed, $1 32½@1 25 ₱ ctl. The closing quotations, $1 25@1 65. Chevalier is scarce and wanted at our highest figures.

OATS—The John L. Stephens, from Oregon, brought 1,200 sks. The market is quiet, with no considerable trade. No export outlet at present. Choice "Surprise" for seed are held at $2 ₱ ctl. Sales for the week, in lots, 5,000 sks, within the range of $1 50@1 65.

CORN—The supply is fully equal to the demand, with sales for the week of White and Yellow in lots, say 1,500 sks, at $1 27½@1 30; 250 sks Yellow, $1 35; 200 sks prime round Yellow Bay, $1 45; also, a small parcel of "Sweet" at $1 50 ₱ ctl.

RYE—Small sales at $1 80@1 85.

BUCKWHEAT—Small sales of choice at $2 ₱ ctl.

HAY—The market is strong, with small cargo sales at $12@17 50 ₱ ton.

HOPS—Supplies of California and Oregon continue to go East, in preference to selling here at 35@40c. In New York sales of very choice have been made at 48c down. Many Eastern holders ask 50@55c, and this has caused many brewers to send to the European continent for their supplies. Stock here is not large.

MUSTARD SEED—The crop is light and offerings small. We quote Brown and Red, 2@3½c; White English, 2@2½c.

BEESWAX—Is quite plentiful, and the demand very light. It is held at 25@30c for Yellow, but can be bought for less.

HONEY—The stock of Southern is large, and the market glutted. Prices of strained merely nominal. Choice Comb from the South is plentiful, and nominally held at 20@25c; Northern, 15@20c; dark, 8@12½c. Comb Honey in 2-lb tins (Los Angeles) selling at $4@4 25 ₱ dozen. Strained, 8@14c ₱ lb.

HIDES—The market is slack for all kinds. Dry choice slaughterer's stock held at 18c; all other kinds 16@17c. Sales of 6,000 lbs Wet Salted, 9¼c cash. Orders from the East are of late much restricted.

TALLOW—The market is firm with a good local demand. 10,000 lbs refined for export sold at 9c; 15,000 lbs crude in lots, 7c.

WOOL—The stock is excessive, receipts large, and market dull. Eastern advices quite discouraging. The season's Fall clip is the largest ever gathered—said to be 24,000 bales, estimated at 10,000,000 lbs. Prices are entirely nominal. Our market is so extremely dull that we can only say there are no buyers, either for shipment or local consumption. Eastern houses quote 18@22c currency for Wool that cost as much in this market thirty days since. Under such circumstances, and in the absence of sales, it is impossible to give any reliable quotations.

POTATOES—The receipts are large and stocks accumulate. Humboldt are held at $1@1 12½; Pigeon Point, same; Bodega, 75c. Sweet are higher, now held at $1 25@1 37½ ₱ 100 lbs.

ONIONS—Of choice quality now command $1 37½@1 50.

PEANUTS—The California crop is estimated at 8,000 sks, selling at 2@4c ₱ lb, according to quality.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter supplies of fresh roll are lessening daily, now only 4,000 lbs weekly, and the price very high. This opens the door wide for the Oleomargarine, or patent Butter, which promises great results. Orders are already coming in to some extent, and the establishment will soon be in complete working order. At present prices of fresh roll, 100 per cent. profit can be easily realized, and the consumer gets a pure, cleanly article. Very little choice Eastern Butter comes here of late; there is none here. A fair supply of Western Reserve is on hand, with but little demand. California pickled Butter is now more in favor, with an increasing demand at our quotations. Roll is jobbing at 55@62½c for extra choice; ordinary to fair, 37½@45c. Pickled Butter is in good supply, selling readily at 32½@37½c. California Cheese, 13@17c, the latter for choice Dairy; Eastern Cheese, 14@18c for good to choice. Fresh California Eggs are scarce at 50@60 for choice lots; Eastern very scarce, worth 40@45c. 6,000 dozen Oregon, per steamer, just arrived, sold quick at 35c.

POULTRY AND GAME—The supply is abundant, and the market very dull, with low rates. Prices at date: Hens and Roosters, $6@7 50, as to size; Spring Chickens, small, $3@4; large, $4@5; Ducks, tame, $7@9; Geese, tame, $2@2 25 ₱ pair; Turkeys sell at 16@18c ₱ lb; Hare are scarce, $2 50@3 50; Wild Duck, small, $1 50@2; large, $3@4; Quail, $1 75@2 00; Venison, 8@10c; Snipe, common, 75c@$1; English, $2.

CATTLE—Meat of all kinds abundant and cheap. Beef is plenty, selling by the quarter at 3@6c, though there is a large amount of poor Beef selling much lower. Calves, plentiful at 6@8c. Mutton, 6c. Lambs, 6½@7c. Hogs on foot are plenty and active at 5¼@5½c for live, and dressed, 7¼@7½c, the latter price for small hogs.

FRUITS—We are in receipt of two or more invoices of new crop Chile Walnuts (English), say 2,162 bags, all of which have been sold ex ship private, to dealers quotable at 8@10c. Cranberries from British Columbia (wild) are now here on sale, 230 bbls received, quality good, quotable at or about 50c. Wisconsin Cranberries by the invoice (carload), $15@15 50 ₱ bbl, jobbing at $17@17 50, quality very choice. By the last Oregon steamer a quantity of Pears, (Winter Nelis) received, which are jobbing at 60@70c ₱ box. Winter Apples are plentiful, and only the choicest varieties will bring more than $1@1 25 ₱ box. Los Angeles Walnuts (California English) sell at 12@13c. Lemons from same $3@4 ₱ 100. Sicily Lemons, $5 ₱ 100. Dried Apples, Peaches, etc., are quite plentiful, and so of all other kinds, of which the supply is free and the assortment complete, both in sacks, cases, and boxes. We quote the following as current prices of the day: Apples, choice, $1@1 25 ₱ box; common, 50@75c ₱ box. Pears, Winter Nellis, $1 50@1 75 ₱ box; common, 75c ₱ box. Quinces, $1 75@2 00 ₱ box. Grapes, Morocco, 6@8c ₱ ℔; Flaming Tokay, 4@6c; Rose of Peru, 3@4c; Black Hamburg, 3@5c; Muscats, 4@5c; Mission, 1½@2½c. Plums, 5@8c ₱ ℔. Strawberries, 7@8c ₱ qt. Figs, ℔. ℔. Oranges, Tahiti, $4@5 ₱ M. Lemons, Los Angeles, $3@5 ₱ 100; Sicily, $4 ₱ box. Limes, $12 50 ₱ M. Bananas, $2@4 ₱ bunch. Pine Apples, $2@3 ₱ doz. Pomegranates, 6@7c ₱ ℔. Cocoanuts, $7@9 ₱ 100. Watermelons, $2@5 ₱ ℔. Canteloupes, $1 50@1 50 ₱ doz. Dried Fruit—Apples, 3@7c ₱ ℔ in sacks, 7@9c in boxes; Prunes, 5@6c, pitted 10@12c; Raisins, 8@12½c; Figs, 8@10c; Figs, white, 12@15c.

WIT AND HUMOR.

How to made a horse fast—Don't feed him.

The young man who boasted that he could marry any girl he pleased, found that he couldn't please any.

"What is your name, little girl?" "Minnie." "Minnie, what?" "Minnie Don't, that's what mamma calls me."

A writer says: It is not the drinking, but getting sober, that is so terrible in a drunkard's life!" "Why get sober at all, then?" says Swiggles.

An exuberent youth of Pittsfield said to a supposed friend, "Hello, Joe! Oh, excuse me, I thought you were another man!" Laconic stranger: "I am."

The regular money-taker being unavoidably absent was temporarily replaced at the Exposition (London) of the Bearded Lady and other natural phenomena, by a pretty, bright-eyed, ingenuous girl of about fourteen.—"Haw—I suppose the—the—er—Bearded Lady is your mother," observed a languid swell, as he paid his admission money. "No, Sir," said the extempore money-taker, naively, "she's my father."

At an examination of the College of Surgeons a candidate was asked by Abernethy, "What would you do if a man was blown up by powder?" "Wait till he came down," he coolly replied. "True," replied Abernethy; "and suppose I should kick you for such an impertinent reply, what muscles would I put in motion?" "The flexors and extensors of my arm, for I should knock you down immediately." The candidate received his diploma.

As a cool person, under the circumstances, as was ever heard of was a young nobleman, who, in a frightful railrod accident, missed his valet. One of the guardians came up to him and said, "My lord, we have found your servant, but he is cut in two." "Aw, is he?" said the man with a Dundreary drawl, but still with anxiety depicted on his countenance. "Will you be gwood enough to see in which half he has got the key to my carpet bag?"

A lot of minstrels went to a town not far away, and advertised to give a performance for "the benefit of the poor, tickets reduced to ten cents." The hall was crammed full. The next morning a committee for the poor called upon the treasurer of the concern for the amount said benefit had netted. The treasurer expressed astonishment at the demand.

"I thought," said the chairman of the committee, "you advertised this concert for the benefit of the poor!"

Replied the treasurer, "Didn't we put the tickets down to ten cents, so that the poor could all come?"

The committee vanished.

SALMON SPAWNING ON THE SACRAMENTO.—If you visit this region during the last of June or in July, you may watch the salmon spawning, a most curious and remarkable sight. The great fish then leave the deep pools in which they have been quietly lying for some weeks before, and fearlessly run up on the shallow ripples. Here, animated by a kind of fury, they beat the sand off the shoals with their tails, until often a female salmon thus labors till her tail fins are entirely worn off. She then deposits her eggs upon the coarse gravel and the greedy trout, who are extravagantly fond of salmon eggs, rush up to eat them as the poor mother lays them. They are, I believe, watched and hatched and beaten off the male salmon, which accompanies the female for this purpose. When the female salmon has deposited her eggs, and the male salmon has done his part of the work, the two often bring stones of considerable size in their mouths to cover up the eggs, and protect them from the predatory attacks of the trout. And thereupon, according to the universal testimony of the fisherman of these waters, the salmon dies. I was assured that the dead bodies often cumber the shore after the spawning season is over; and the mountaineers all assert that the salmon, having once spawned up here, does not go down to the ocean again. They hold that the young salmon stay in the upper waters for a year, and go to sea about eighteen months after hatching; and it is not uncommon, I believe, for fishermen hereabout to catch grilse weighing from two to four pounds. These bite sometimes at the fly. The salmon bite, too, when much smaller, for I caught one day a young salmon not more six inches long. This little fellow was taken with a bait of salmon eggs, and his bright silvery sides made him quite different from the trout which I was catching out the same pool. His head also had something of the fierce, predatory, hawk-like form which the older salmon's has.—*Harper's Magazine.*

OVER-REACHING IN HORSES.—This unpleasant noise, known also by the name of "clicking," arises from the toe of the hind-foot knocking against the shoe of the fore-foot. In a trot, one fore-leg and the opposite hind-leg are first lifted from the ground and moved forward, the other fore-leg and the opposite hind-leg remaining fixed; but to keep the centre of gravity within the base, and as the stride or space passed over by these legs is often greater than the distance between the fore and hind-feet, it is necessary that the fore-feet should be moved alternately out of the way of the hind-feet to descend. Let the smith shoe your horse behind as usual—no clipping, rasping, or shortening beyond what is usual; but, to prevent clicking, cut off the toe or crust of the shell of the hoofs of the *fore*-feet, placing the heel-calks in their proper places, and you will have no clicking.—*Correspondent Country Gentleman.*

FARM AND GARDEN.

VARIED DIET FOR FOWLS.—There are no animals more omniverous than fowls; fish, flesh, herbs and grain being devoured by them with equal relish. We say equal, for though they commonly pounce upon meat with greater avidity than upon grain, this is generally because it affords a variety, and a flock kept for awhile almost entirely on animal food will show the same greed for a few handfuls of corn.

Now, those animals accustomed to use a varied diet should not be confined to an unvarying one. There are indeed, some species which are naturally limited to one or a few kinds of food. Thus, cattle do well enough, although kept month after month on grass alone, and a tiger will thrive with nothing but lean meat upon his bill of fare. But with other animals, as with the human race, for instance, the case is different, for no person can maintain the highest efficiency when confined to one article of food. No matter how fond we may be of a particular dish, we lose relish for it when allowed nothing else for a number of consecutive meals, and the intense craving for variety indicates as its source something more than mere appetite. It gives evidence of real necessities of the system, which are constantly varying with the changing circumstances of weather, employment and other conditions.

The fondness for variety shown by fowls is as significant of real needs as we have found it to be ourselves. In purveying for them, a judicious variety, selected from the three general divisions—*fresh vegetables, grain and animal food*—is at all seasons absolutely necessary for young and old, in order to make them perfectly thrifty. True, they will not starve on hard corn and water, neither will they pay a profit so kept.—*The Poultry World.*

ASPARAGUS.—I have tried all kinds of manure for asparagus plants, and all sorts of treatment. Nothing, however, produced such rank growth and thick crop as fresh cow manure. We have often used horse manure, well rotted, and salt, and various other applications; but the pure cow manure spread over the bed about three inches thick proved the best. The year before last we had the most wonderful growth, and, as we believe, entirely from this cause. We always leave our stalks until they are about one foot high before cutting them. We fancy they are much better and we know we get three times as much vegetable food fit to eat.

If we cut them just as they show above the earth, and, to get sufficient length, point the knife somewhat diagonally downward, severing the plant about three inches under the soil, we only get an edible portion of about two and a half inches in length; whereas if we wait one or two days more for increased growth, and cut just at the surface, we get nearly or quite nine inches of excellent food, and we think our bed yields more of this long kind than the short, and that the plants really thrive better. After the first cutting being thus delayed, there is no more lost time, as all future growth, by being allowed to flourish a little before cutting, comes in rotation the same as if cut earlier; but, as I before said, we think better and more crop can be obtained by this treatment.—*Correspondence Canada Farmer.*

LAZY FARMERS.—Laziness prevents a man from getting off his horse to put up the first rail that gets knocked off the fence, and through his lazy neglect a whole field of corn is seriously damaged.

Laziness keeps a man from driving one nail when one would do, and finally costs a carpenter's bill for extensive repairs.

Laziness allows a gate to get off the hinges and lie in the mud or stand propped by rails—or a stable or barn to leak and damage hundreds of dollars worth of provender.

Laziness, in short, is the right and proper name for nine-tenths of the excuses given for bad farming. By far the most prolific of the many wastes that are due to laziness is the waste of ignorance. But this waste is in itself so great, and has so many ramifications that we shall have to defer its discussion for another time.—*Dixie (Tenn.) Farmer.*

FATTENING HOGS.—I experimented five years in fattening hogs, three with meal well scalded and cooked before feeding, and the other two in feeding corn boiled. I shelled the corn from the cob, and boiled it slowly in a boiler, and fed eight quarts per hog, daily, keeping the boiler well covered all the time, so as to have all the heat possible. The hogs that I fed with boiled corn fattened fully one-fourth faster than with meal, and the pork was well packed with leaf lard and was solid and delicious enough for the most fastidious. One of my neighbors has fattened his hogs for several years past on dry meal, giving two quarts to each hog three times a day; for drink he gives them cold water. He claims this to be the cheapest and best way. Certainly there are no better than he raises, for their age, and no cleaner, handsomer pork.—*Cor. The People.*

THE GARDEN.—Where the soil is heavy, or where there is a liability to change, very little advantage is gained in early sowing in the open air or early transplanting, excepting with a few seeds or plants that endure the frost. Late sown seeds, with unchecked growth, will soon overtake and leave behind the plants that have been retarded and often checked in their growth by cold.

It is rumored that Prince Bismarck's next stroke will be to induce Denmark to enter Germany on the terms granted to the Bavarians—that is, with her autonomy preserved on all but imperial questions.

Horse Courtship.

Mr. G. Gerard, now of Philadelphia, but formerly American Consul at Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope, communicates to the press of the former city the following amusing reminiscence of his African Consular experience: "There is a very singular custom among the farmers—how to get a wife. If you desire to get married you should first make inquiry whether the lady you love has a horse; if so, you must ask her whether she has a horse for sale. If she says 'No,' then you had better quit the house at once. She does not like you. But if, on the contrary, she says 'Yes,' it is a good sign, but she will ask you a very high price. If the amount named is paid on the spot, the engagement is concluded as fully as if the marriage was consummated by the parson.

"On my arrival at the Cape, I did not know of this custom. I wanted to purchase a horse, and I was informed by an old Dutch resident that widow ——— had one to sell. I followed the address given and soon arrived at the door of the widow (who by the way, was not bad-looking). I asked her whether she had a horse to sell. She looked at me very sharp; then asked me whether I had some letters of introduction. I said that I was the American Consul, and would pay cash for her horse. 'In that case,' said she, 'letters are not necessary.' I paid down the sum demanded; then, after taking a cup of coffee, she sent her horse by her groom, and both accompanied me home. On the road the groom asked me a thousand questions, 'Master,' said he, "will my mistress go live with you in town, or will you come live with us? You will love my mistress, for she was very kind to my old master (laughing). Where will the wedding be?' (looking at me and laughing). 'Truly,' I thought 'the poor fellow has drunk too much or he is an imbecile.' I felt sorry for him. When I arrived home I found many people at my door congratulating me, not for the horse, but for the acquaintance of the widow. 'Truly,' said one, 'you have been very successful.' 'She is very rich,' said another. I really did not know what it meant, and I began to be very uneasy, when, to my very great surprise, a lady alihgted on my steps, and I at once recognized the widow! She very coolly asked me when I desired to have the ceremony of the wedding performed. Then, indeed, I fully perceived the scrape in which I was, and told her frankly that it was a horse I wanted, and not a wife. 'What,' said she, 'do you mean to act thus to a lady like me? If so, I shall send back for my horse, and will repay you the money.' In a few hours her groom was at my door with the money. I gladly gave back the horse, thankful to have thus escaped. A few weeks after, however, the widow was married; a more ambitious man had bought her horse."

SIR EDWIN LANDSEER, who died a few days since in England, was for forty-five years prominently before the art world as the first artist of his class. Many of his best sketches were gifts to the late Duchess of Bedford, at whose beautiful seat, The Doune, Scotland, he was accustomed to spend a large part of each autumn. Indeed, it seemed to be understood that had he chosen to say the word, he might have become the husband of the duchess; but the marriage would have been unacceptable to her children, and he refrained. He never married. He was often accused, says a writer in the New York *Times*, of the English foible of a fondness for fine company. But in his case the excuse that CHARLES II. made for himself—viz., that the women all ran after him more than he after them—was true as regarded his fine friends; and when a man finds himself an honored and much-sought-for guest in the splendid homes of dukes and earls, where art, splendor, and intellect are to be found, it is pardonable if especially when his natural bias particularly leads him to appreciate the beautiul in all its forms, he shows a tendency to frequent places where especially he finds it. In conversation he was very agreeable, and told a story particularly well.

The more believers love God, the more they love one another; as the lines of a circle, the nearer they come to the centre, the nearer they come to each other.—[Charnock.

In all evils which admit remedy, impatience should be avoided, because it wastes that time and attention in complaints which, if properly applied, would remove the cause.

Special Notices.

HOUSEWORTH'S CELEBRATED PHOTOGRAPHIC PARLORS, No. 12 Montgomery Street, opposite Lick House. Houseworth's Yosemite Art Gallery and Salesroom, 9 Montgomery St., under Lick House, S. F. Since these two immense establishments have been combined under one management, an entire change has been made, and new and talented artists from abroad have taken the place of those previously employed, and they are producing the finest Portraits made. They make Photographs of Celebrities a specialty. Their Photographs have obtained a world-wide reputation, and were awarded the Medals at the Paris Exposition of 1867 and at the Vienna Exposition of 1873.

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San Francisco, July, 1873. B. F. HOWLAND.

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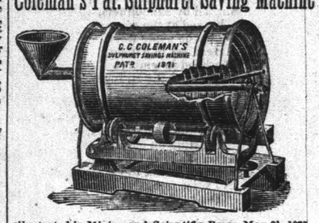

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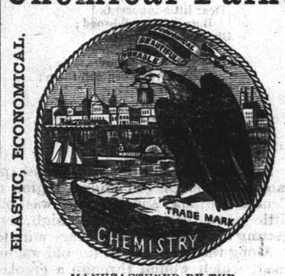
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